

SUPPLEMENTAL INVESTOR INFORMATION First Quarter 2015

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NOTE:

The financial data and statistics in this document reflect the financial position and operating results of Great Plains Energy, its electric utility segment and Kansas City Power & Light Company (KCP&L) and KCP&L Greater Missouri Operations Company (GMO), its utility subsidiaries, through March 31, 2015. Please refer to our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for unaudited financial statements. This document has been prepared primarily for security analysts and investors in the hope that it will serve as a convenient and useful reference document. The format of this document may change in the future as we continue to try to meet the needs of security analysts and investors. This document is not intended for use in connection with any sale, offer to sell, or solicitation of any offer to buy securities.

Consolidated Statements of Income

(Unaudited)

Three Months Ended March 31	2015	2014
Operating Revenues	(millions, except pe	er share amounts)
Electric revenues	\$ 549.1	\$ 585.1
Operating Expenses		
Fuel	107.6	135.2
Purchased power	45.4	45.4
Transmission	20.9	17.6
Utility operating and maintenance expenses	171.5	180.7
Depreciation and amortization	79.8	74.5
General taxes	52.7	52.8
Other	1.1	1.0
Total	479.0	507.2
Operating income	70.1	77.9
Non-operating income	6.0	6.4
Non-operating expenses	(3.7)	(3.1)
Interest charges	(47.3)	(49.4)
Income before income tax expense and income from		
equity investments	25.1	31.8
Income tax expense	(6.5)	(8.1)
Income from equity investments, net of income taxes	0.3	0.1
Net income	18.9	23.8
Preferred stock dividend requirements	0.4	0.4
Earnings available for common shareholders	\$ 18.5	\$ 23.4
Average number of basic common shares outstanding	154.0	153.7
Average number of diluted common shares outstanding	154.4	154.0
Basic and diluted earnings per common share	\$ 0.12	\$ 0.15
Cash dividends per common share	\$ 0.245	\$ 0.23

Consolidated Balance Sheets

(Unaudited)

	March 31 2015	December 31 2014				
ASSETS	(millions, except share amounts)					
Current Assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 12.2	\$ 13.0				
Funds on deposit	4.6	1.2				
Receivables, net	142.5	160.3				
Accounts receivable pledged as collateral	171.0	171.0				
Fuel inventories, at average cost	102.2	90.1				
Materials and supplies, at average cost	151.7	152.7				
Deferred refueling outage costs	28.1	12.5				
Refundable income taxes	3.2	3.1				
Deferred income taxes	74.5	78.1				
Prepaid expenses and other assets	33.1	36.9				
Total	723.1	718.9				
Utility Plant, at Original Cost						
Electric	12,652.2	12,128.7				
Less - accumulated depreciation	4,834.8	4,828.3				
Net utility plant in service	7,817.4	7,300.4				
Construction work in progress	510.2	900.0				
Nuclear fuel, net of amortization of \$192.4 and \$187.5	75.8	79.2				
Total	8,403.4	8,279.6				
Investments and Other Assets						
Nuclear decommissioning trust fund	203.5	199.0				
Regulatory assets	1,018.7	1,034.6				
Goodwill	169.0	169.0				
Other	76.7	74.6				
Total	1,467.9	1,477.2				
Total	\$ 10,594.4	\$ 10,475.7				

Consolidated Balance Sheets

(Unaudited)

(Onaudited)		
	March 31 2015	December 31 2014
LIABILITIES AND CAPITALIZATION	(millions, excep	ot share amounts)
Current Liabilities	•	
Notes payable	\$ 10.0	\$ 4.0
Collateralized note payable	171.0	171.0
Commercial paper	536.0	358.3
Current maturities of long-term debt	1.1	15.1
Accounts payable	281.0	388.0
Accrued taxes	64.9	30.4
Accrued interest	57.9	41.3
Accrued compensation and benefits	40.4	35.2
Pension and post-retirement liability	2.8	2.8
Other	32.2	24.7
Total	1,197.3	1,070.8
Deferred Credits and Other Liabilities		
Deferred income taxes	1,092.7	1,089.7
Deferred tax credits	125.6	126.0
Asset retirement obligations	198.8	195.9
Pension and post-retirement liability	510.8	508.6
Regulatory liabilities	292.9	282.7
Other	80.5	88.9
Total	2,301.3	2,291.8
Capitalization		
Great Plains Energy common shareholders' equity		
Common stock - 250,000,000 shares authorized without par value		
154,376,457 and 154,254,037 shares issued, stated value	2,641.3	2,639.3
Retained earnings	948.3	967.8
Treasury stock - 95,095 and 91,281 shares, at cost	(2.4)	(2.3)
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(17.2)	(18.7)
Total	3,570.0	3,586.1
Cumulative preferred stock \$100 par value		
3.80% - 100,000 shares issued	10.0	10.0
4.50% - 100,000 shares issued	10.0	10.0
4.20% - 70,000 shares issued	7.0	7.0
4.35% - 120,000 shares issued	12.0	12.0
Total	39.0	39.0
Long-term debt	3,486.8	3,488.0
Total	7,095.8	7,113.1
Commitments and Contingencies		
Total	\$ 10,594.4	\$ 10,475.7

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

(Unaudited)

Three Months Ended March 31	2015		2	2014
Cash Flows from Operating Activities		(milli	ons)	
Net income	\$	18.9	\$	23.8
Adjustments to reconcile income to net cash from operating activities:				
Depreciation and amortization		79.8		74.5
Amortization of:				
Nuclear fuel		4.9		5.9
Other		12.4		14.0
Deferred income taxes, net		6.5		8.3
Investment tax credit amortization		(0.4)		(0.4)
Income from equity investments, net of income taxes		(0.3)		(0.1)
Other operating activities		(22.4)		(18.7)
Net cash from operating activities		99.4		107.3
Cash Flows from Investing Activities				
Utility capital expenditures	((217.9)		(185.2)
Allowance for borrowed funds used during construction		(2.7)		(3.5)
Purchases of nuclear decommissioning trust investments		(11.8)		(8.5)
Proceeds from nuclear decommissioning trust investments		11.0		7.6
Proceeds from sale of transmission assets		-		37.7
Other investing activities		(9.1)		(8.4)
Net cash from investing activities		(230.5)		(160.3)
Cash Flows from Financing Activities				
Issuance of common stock		0.8		1.3
Repayment of long-term debt		(15.1)		(13.4)
Net change in short-term borrowings		183.7		105.6
Dividends paid		(38.2)		(35.8)
Other financing activities		(0.9)		(1.7)
Net cash from financing activities		130.3		56.0
Net Change in Cash and Cash Equivalents		(0.8)		3.0
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year		13.0		10.6
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Period	\$	12.2	\$	13.6

Great Plains Energy Incorporated Electric Utility Segment (Unaudited)

Electric Utility Results

Three Months Ended March 31	2015 2014				
		(mill	ions)		
Operating revenues	\$	549.1	\$	585.1	
Fuel		(107.6)		(135.2)	
Purchased power		(45.4)		(45.4)	
Transmission		(20.9)		(17.6)	
Gross margin (a)		375.2		386.9	
Other operating expenses		(224.5)		(233.8)	
Depreciation and amortization		(79.8)		(74.5)	
Operating income		70.9		78.6	
Non-operating income and expenses		3.2		4.3	
Interest charges		(45.3)		(47.0)	
Income tax expense		(7.9)		(9.8)	
Net income	\$	20.9	\$	26.1	

Electric Utility Gross Margin

		Revenues	and (Costs	%	MWhs	Sold	%	
Three Months Ended March 31	arch 31 201				Change	2015	2014	Change	
Retail revenues		(millions)				(thousa	nds)		
Residential	\$	223.6	\$	240.9	(7)	2,288	2,551	(10)	
Commercial		219.2		217.2	1	2,661	2,657	-	
Industrial		47.1		46.7	1	751	748	-	
Other retail revenues		5.0		5.0	1	29	29	-	
Kansas property tax surcharge		0.3		1.2	N/M	N/A	N/A	N/A	
MEEIA		6.6		4.1	N/M	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Fuel recovery mechanisms		3.7		13.4	N/M	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Total retail		505.5		528.5	(4)	5,729	5,985	(4)	
Wholesale revenues		28.6		42.4	(33)	1,173	1,383	(15)	
Other revenues		15.0		14.2	6	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Operating revenues		549.1		585.1	(6)	6,902	7,368	(6)	
Fuel		(107.6)		(135.2)	(20)				
Purchased power		(45.4)		(45.4)	_				
Transmission		(20.9)		(17.6)	19				
Gross margin (a)	\$	375.2	\$	386.9	(3)				

⁽a) Gross margin is a financial measure that is not calculated in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). Gross margin, as used by Great Plains Energy, is defined as operating revenues less fuel, purchased power and transmission. The Company's expense for fuel, purchased power and transmission, offset by wholesale sales margin, is subject to recovery through cost adjustment mechanisms, except for KCP&L's Missouri retail operations. As a result, operating revenues increase or decrease in relation to a significant portion of these expenses. Management believes that gross margin provides a more meaningful basis for evaluating the Electric Utility segment's operations across periods than operating revenues because gross margin excludes the revenue effect of fluctuations in these expenses. Gross margin is used internally to measure performance against budget and in reports to management and the Board of Directors. The Company's definition of gross margin may differ from similar terms used by other companies.

Electric Utility Generation

			%
Three Months Ended March 31	2015	2014	Change
Net MWhs Generated by Fuel Type	(thousa	nds)	
Coal	4,693	5,586	(16)
Nuclear	794	894	(11)
Natural gas and oil	11	79	N/M
Wind	109	127	(14)
Total Generation	5,607	6,686	(16)

Electric Utility Customers at March 31, 2015

Residential	741,900
Commercial	98,200
Industrial	2,200
Other	400
Total retail customers	842,700

Electric Utility Statistics

Three Months Ended March 31	2015		2014	
Average non-firm wholesale price per MWh	\$ 22.86		\$ 33.72	
Average purchased power price per MWh	\$ 25.90		\$ 39.90	
Purchased power MWhs	1,511,794		1,131,740	
Cooling degree days	2		-	
Heating degree days	2,712		3,134	
Equivalent availability - coal plants	73	%	81	%
Capacity factor - coal plants	58	%	69	%
Equivalent availability - nuclear	64	%	73	%
Capacity factor - nuclear	67	%	76	%
Equivalent availability - coal and nuclear	72	%	80	%
Capacity factor - coal and nuclear	59	%	69	%

KCP&L Results

Three Months Ended March 31	2015		2014
	(millions)		
Operating revenues	\$ 370.4	\$	391.0
Fuel	(74.8)		(93.6)
Purchased power	(21.9)		(18.9)
Transmission	 (13.4)		(10.6)
Gross margin (a)	260.3		267.9
Other operating expenses	(158.5)		(168.7)
Depreciation and amortization	 (56.5)		(51.7)
Operating income	 45.3		47.5
Non-operating income and expenses	2.7		4.4
Interest charges	(31.5)		(30.7)
Income tax expense	(3.3)		(4.0)
Net income	\$ 13.2	\$	17.2

KCP&L Gross Margin

	Revenues	and	Costs	%	MWhs	Sold	%
Three Months Ended March 31	2015		2014	Change	2015	2014	Change
Retail revenues	(mill	ions)			(thousa	nds)	
Residential	\$ 135.9	\$	145.0	(6)	1,333	1,459	(9)
Commercial	162.3		160.8	1	1,878	1,868	-
Industrial	28.8		29.1	(1)	426	434	(2)
Other retail revenues	3.0		3.1	(1)	22	22	-
Kansas property tax surcharge	0.3		1.2	N/M	N/A	N/A	N/A
MEEIA	3.7		-	N/M	N/A	N/A	N/A
Fuel recovery mechanism	4.5		(3.1)	N/M	N/A	N/A	N/A
Total retail	 338.5		336.1	1	3,659	3,783	(3)
Wholesale revenues	25.5		49.8	(49)	1,062	1,620	(34)
Other revenues	6.4		5.1	22	N/A	N/A	N/A
Operating revenues	370.4		391.0	(5)	4,721	5,403	(13)
Fuel	(74.8)		(93.6)	(20)			
Purchased power	(21.9)		(18.9)	16			
Transmission	(13.4)		(10.6)	26			
Gross margin (a)	\$ 260.3	\$	267.9	(3)			

⁽a) Gross margin is a financial measure that is not calculated in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). Gross margin, as used by Great Plains Energy, is defined as operating revenues less fuel, purchased power and transmission. KCP&L's expense for fuel, purchased power and transmission, offset by wholesale sales margin, is subject to recovery through cost adjustment mechanisms, except for KCP&L's Missouri retail operations. As a result, operating revenues increase or decrease in relation to a significant portion of these expenses. Management believes that gross margin provides a more meaningful basis for evaluating KCP&L's operations across periods than operating revenues because gross margin excludes the revenue effect of fluctuations in these expenses. Gross margin is used internally to measure performance against budget and in reports to management and the Board of Directors. The Company's definition of gross margin may differ from similar terms used by other companies.

KCP&L Generation

			%
Three Months Ended March 31	2015	2014	Change
Net MWhs Generated by Fuel Type	(thousa	nds)	
Coal	3,364	4,156	(19)
Nuclear	794	894	(11)
Natural gas and oil	5	11	(52)
Wind	109	127	(14)
Total Generation	4,272	5,188	(18)

KCP&L Customers at March 31, 2015

Residential	463,200
Commercial	59,400
Industrial	2,000
Other	100
Total retail customers	524,700

KCP&L Statistics

Three Months Ended March 31	2015		2014	
Average non-firm wholesale price per MWh	\$ 22.85		\$ 33.24	
Average purchased power price per MWh	\$ 26.60		\$ 39.46	
Purchased power - MWh	574,978		515,993	
Cooling degree days	2		-	
Heating degree days	2,712		3,134	
Equivalent availability - coal plants	69	%	79	%
Capacity factor - coal plants	57	%	70	%
Equivalent availability - nuclear	64	%	73	%
Capacity factor - nuclear	67	%	76	%

KCP&L Greater Missouri Operations Company (GMO) Utility Operations

(Unaudited)

GMO Utility Results

Three Months Ended March 31	2015			
	(million			
Operating revenues	\$ 178.8	\$	204.6	
Fuel	(32.8)		(41.6)	
Purchased power	(23.6)		(37.0)	
Transmission	 (7.5)		(7.0)	
Gross margin (a)	 114.9		119.0	
Other operating expenses	(66.0)		(65.1)	
Depreciation and amortization	(23.3)		(22.8)	
Operating income	 25.6		31.1	
Non-operating income and expenses	0.5		(0.1)	
Interest charges	(13.8)		(16.3)	
Income tax expense	(4.6)		(5.8)	
Net income	\$ 7.7	\$	8.9	

GMO Utility Gross Margin

	Revenues and Costs			%	MWhs Sold		%	
Three Months Ended March 31		2015	2014		Change	2015	2014	Change
Retail revenues		(millions)				(thousa		
Residential	\$	87.7	\$ 95	5.9	(9)	955	1,092	(13)
Commercial		56.9	50	5.4	1	783	789	(1)
Industrial		18.3	17	7.6	4	325	314	3
Other retail revenues		2.0		.9	3	7	7	2
MEEIA		2.9	4	1.1	(29)	N/A	N/A	N/A
Fuel recovery mechanism		(0.8)	10	5.5	N/M	N/A	N/A	N/A
Total retail		167.0	192	2.4	(13)	2,070	2,202	(6)
Wholesale revenues		3.2	3	3.1	3	112	43	N/M
Other revenues		8.6	Ģ	9.1	(4)	N/A	N/A	N/A
Operating revenues		178.8	204	.6	(13)	2,182	2,245	(3)
Fuel		(32.8)	(4)	.6)	(21)			
Purchased power		(23.6)	(37	7.0)	(36)			
Transmission		(7.5)	(7.0)	7			
Gross margin (a)	\$	114.9	\$ 119	0.0	(3)			

⁽a) Gross margin is a financial measure that is not calculated in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). Gross margin, as used by Great Plains Energy, is defined as operating revenues less fuel, purchased power and transmission. GMO's expense for fuel, purchased power and transmission, offset by wholesale sales margin, is subject to recovery through cost adjustment mechanisms. As a result, operating revenues increase or decrease in relation to a significant portion of these expenses. Management believes that gross margin provides a more meaningful basis for evaluating GMO's operations across periods than operating revenues because gross margin excludes the revenue effect of fluctuations in these expenses. Gross margin is used internally to measure performance against budget and in reports to management and the Board of Directors. The Company's definition of gross margin may differ from similar terms used by other companies.

GMO Generation

			%
Three Months Ended March 31	2015	2014	Change
Net MWhs Generated by Fuel Type	(thousan		
Coal	1,329	1,430	(7)
Natural gas and oil	6	68	N/M
Total Generation	1,335	1,498	(11)

GMO Utility Customers at March 31, 2015

Residential	278,700
Commercial	38,800
Industrial	200
Other	300
Total retail customers	318,000

GMO Utility Statistics

Three Months Ended March 31	2015 201		2014		
Average non-firm wholesale price per MWh	\$	22.95	9	38.06	
Average purchased power price per MWh	\$	24.66	9	39.87	
Purchased power - MWh		937,493		896,488	
Cooling degree days		2		-	
Heating degree days		2,712		3,134	
Equivalent availability - coal plants		82	%	85	%
Capacity factor - coal plants		61	%	65	%