

SUPPLEMENTAL INVESTOR INFORMATION Second Quarter 2014

Tony Carreño
Director Investor Relations
816-654-1763
anthony.carreno@kcpl.com

NOTE:

The financial data and statistics in this document reflect the financial position and operating results of Great Plains Energy, its electric utility segment and Kansas City Power & Light Company (KCP&L) and KCP&L Greater Missouri Operations Company (GMO), its utility subsidiaries, through June 30, 2014. Please refer to our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for unaudited financial statements. This document has been prepared primarily for security analysts and investors in the hope that it will serve as a convenient and useful reference document. The format of this document may change in the future as we continue to try to meet the needs of security analysts and investors. This document is not intended for use in connection with any sale, offer to sell, or solicitation of any offer to buy securities.

Consolidated Statements of Income

(Unaudited)

		Jun			Year t Jun	e 30)
		2014	2013	2	014		2013
Operating Revenues			nillions, except po	er share	amount	ts)	
Electric revenues	\$	648.4	\$ 600.3	\$ 1,	233.5	\$ 1	1,142.5
Operating Expenses							
Fuel		115.4	121.2		250.6		253.4
Purchased power		79.1	34.9		124.5		73.7
Transmission		18.7	12.9		36.3		24.3
Utility operating and maintenance expenses		183.4	166.4		364.1		321.6
Depreciation and amortization		75.6	72.6		150.1		142.8
General taxes		50.6	48.1		103.4		95.9
Other		1.4	0.6		2.4		1.1
Total	· · · · · ·	524.2	456.7	1,	031.4		912.8
Operating income		124.2	143.6		202.1		229.7
Non-operating income		7.0	4.4		13.4		6.9
Non-operating expenses		(3.9)	(2.2)		(7.0)		(3.5)
Interest charges		(48.3)	(49.4)		(97.7)		(99.1)
Income before income tax expense and income (loss) from							
equity investments		79.0	96.4		110.8		134.0
Income tax expense		(27.0)	(32.7)		(35.1)		(44.2)
Income (loss) from equity investments, net of income taxes		0.1	(0.1)		0.2		(0.2)
Net income		52.1	63.6		75.9		89.6
Preferred stock dividend requirements		0.4	0.4		0.8		0.8
Earnings available for common shareholders	\$	51.7	\$ 63.2	\$	75.1	\$	88.8
Average number of basic common shares outstanding		153.8	153.5		153.8		153.4
Average number of diluted common shares outstanding		154.0	153.8		154.0		153.7
Basic and diluted earnings per common share	\$	0.34	\$ 0.41	\$	0.49	\$	0.58
Cash dividends per common share	\$	0.23	\$ 0.2175	\$	0.46	\$	0.435

Consolidated Balance Sheets

(Unaudited)

	June 30 2014	December 31
ACCEPTO		2013
ASSETS	(millions, exce	pt share amounts)
Current Assets	Φ 12.5	ф. 10.c
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 12.5	\$ 10.6
Funds on deposit	1.3	0.8
Receivables, net	219.3	162.2
Accounts receivable pledged as collateral	171.0	175.0
Fuel inventories, at average cost	72.5	76.4
Materials and supplies, at average cost	148.2	152.3
Deferred refueling outage costs	21.1	29.5
Refundable income taxes	10.7	10.5
Deferred income taxes	84.0	80.3
Assets held for sale	-	36.2
Prepaid expenses and other assets	36.1	33.2
Total	776.7	767.0
Utility Plant, at Original Cost		
Electric	11,924.2	11,575.3
Less - accumulated depreciation	4,731.7	4,628.4
Net utility plant in service	7,192.5	6,946.9
Construction work in progress	709.7	736.7
Nuclear fuel, net of amortization of \$171.4 and \$161.4	68.4	62.8
Total	7,970.6	7,746.4
Investments and Other Assets		
Nuclear decommissioning trust fund	194.8	183.9
Regulatory assets	867.6	849.7
Goodwill	169.0	169.0
Other	79.4	79.4
Total	1,310.8	1,282.0
Total	\$ 10,058.1	\$ 9,795.4

Consolidated Balance Sheets

(Unaudited)

, ,	June 30 2014	December 31 2013
LIABILITIES AND CAPITALIZATION	(millions, excep	ot share amounts)
Current Liabilities		
Notes payable	\$ -	\$ 9.0
Collateralized note payable	171.0	175.0
Commercial paper	376.5	108.2
Current maturities of long-term debt	15.1	1.1
Accounts payable	277.7	327.4
Accrued taxes	75.7	29.7
Accrued interest	44.1	45.4
Accrued compensation and benefits	38.7	47.3
Pension and post-retirement liability	3.2	3.2
Other	25.5	23.5
Total	1,027.5	769.8
Deferred Credits and Other Liabilities		
Deferred income taxes	1,008.2	964.8
Deferred tax credits	126.6	127.4
Asset retirement obligations	163.6	158.8
Pension and post-retirement liability	335.2	360.5
Regulatory liabilities	282.5	264.0
Other	98.4	121.0
Total	2,014.5	1,996.5
Capitalization		
Great Plains Energy common shareholders' equity		
Common stock - 250,000,000 shares authorized without par value		
154,163,226 and 153,995,621 shares issued, stated value	2,635.8	2,631.1
Retained earnings	875.3	871.4
Treasury stock - 90,194 and 129,290 shares, at cost	(2.3)	(2.8)
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(19.8)	(25.3)
Total	3,489.0	3,474.4
Cumulative preferred stock \$100 par value		
3.80% - 100,000 shares issued	10.0	10.0
4.50% - 100,000 shares issued	10.0	10.0
4.20% - 70,000 shares issued	7.0	7.0
4.35% - 120,000 shares issued	12.0	12.0
Total	39.0	39.0
Long-term debt	3,488.1	3,515.7
Total	7,016.1	7,029.1
Commitments and Contingencies		
Total	\$ 10,058.1	\$ 9,795.4

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

(Unaudited)

Year to Date June 30	2014	2013
Cash Flows from Operating Activities	(mill	ions)
Net income	\$ 75.9	\$ 89.6
Adjustments to reconcile income to net cash from operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	150.1	142.8
Amortization of:		
Nuclear fuel	10.3	8.7
Other	26.1	28.9
Deferred income taxes, net	38.4	45.5
Investment tax credit amortization	(0.8)	(0.9)
(Income) loss from equity investments, net of income taxes	(0.2)	0.2
Other operating activities	(127.9)	(139.4)
Net cash from operating activities	171.9	175.4
Cash Flows from Investing Activities		
Utility capital expenditures	(352.9)	(339.8)
Allowance for borrowed funds used during construction	(6.9)	(4.6)
Purchases of nuclear decommissioning trust investments	(13.9)	(54.8)
Proceeds from nuclear decommissioning trust investments	12.3	53.1
Proceeds from sale of assets	37.7	-
Other investing activities	(17.2)	(13.1)
Net cash from investing activities	(340.9)	(359.2)
Cash Flows from Financing Activities		
Issuance of common stock	2.5	2.6
Issuance of long-term debt	-	412.5
Issuance fees	-	(4.3)
Repayment of long-term debt	(13.4)	(9.3)
Net change in short-term borrowings	259.3	(151.1)
Net change in collateralized short-term borrowings	(4.0)	1.0
Dividends paid	(71.6)	(67.6)
Other financing activities	(1.9)	(1.4)
Net cash from financing activities	170.9	182.4
Net Change in Cash and Cash Equivalents	1.9	(1.4)
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year	10.6	9.3
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Period	\$ 12.5	\$ 7.9

Great Plains Energy Incorporated Electric Utility Segment (Unaudited)

Electric Utility Results

_	Three Mor Jun	iths I e 30	Ended		te		
	2014		2013		2014		2013
	(mill	ions)			(mill	ions)	
Operating revenues	\$ 648.4	\$	600.3	\$	1,233.5	\$	1,142.5
Fuel	(115.4)		(121.2)		(250.6)		(253.4)
Purchased power	(79.1)		(34.9)		(124.5)		(73.7)
Transmission	(18.7)		(12.9)		(36.3)		(24.3)
Gross margin (a)	435.2		431.3		822.1		791.1
Other operating expenses	(234.3)		(214.4)		(468.1)		(417.2)
Depreciation and amortization	(75.6)		(72.6)		(150.1)		(142.8)
Operating income	125.3		144.3		203.9		231.1
Non-operating income and expenses	3.4		2.5		7.7		3.7
Interest charges	(46.0)		(47.4)		(93.0)		(95.2)
Income tax expense	(28.0)		(33.9)		(37.8)		(46.5)
Net income	\$ 54.7	\$	65.5	\$	80.8	\$	93.1

Electric Utility Gross Margin

	Reven	ues and Costs	%	MWhs	Sold	%
Three Months Ended June 30	2014	2013	Change	2014	2013	Change
Retail revenues	(millions)		(thousa	ands)	
Residential	\$ 235.	3 \$ 228	.0 3	1,904	1,868	2
Commercial	251.0	5 253	.0 (1)	2,668	2,665	-
Industrial	60.4	1 58	.7 3	840	812	3
Other retail revenues	5.0) 5	.5 (4)	29	29	(3)
Kansas property tax surcharge	0.5	5 (0	.1) N/M	N/A	N/A	N/A
Fuel recovery mechanism	15.3	3 5	.9 N/M	N/A	N/A	N/A
Total retail	568.0	5 551	.0 3	5,441	5,374	1
Wholesale revenues	68.3	2 38	.6 77	1,999	1,385	44
Other revenues	11.0	5 10	.7 9	N/A	N/A	N/A
Operating revenues	648.4	4 600	.3 8	7,440	6,759	10
Fuel	(115.4) (121.	2) (5)			
Purchased power	(79.1) (34.	9) 126			
Transmission	(18.7) (12.	9) 46			
Gross margin (a)	\$ 435.2	2 \$ 431	.3 1			

<u> </u>	Reve	nues a	and Costs	%	MWhs	Sold	%
Year to Date June 30	2014		2013	Change	2014	2013	Change
Retail revenues		(milli	ons)		(thousa	nds)	
Residential	\$ 479	0.0	\$ 454.6	5	4,455	4,222	6
Commercial	469	9.7	461.7	2	5,325	5,190	3
Industrial	107	7.5	103.0	4	1,588	1,518	5
Other retail revenues	10	0.0	10.5	(4)	58	60	(3)
Kansas property tax surcharge	1	1.7	-	N/M	N/A	N/A	N/A
Fuel recovery mechanism	29	0.2	14.1	N/M	N/A	N/A	N/A
Total retail	1,097	7.1	1,043.9	5	11,426	10,990	4
Wholesale revenues	110).6	73.0	51	3,382	2,631	29
Other revenues	25	5.8	25.6	1	N/A	N/A	N/A
Operating revenues	1,233	3.5	1,142.5	8	14,808	13,621	9
Fuel	(250	.6)	(253.4)	(1)			
Purchased power	(124	.5)	(73.7)	69			
Transmission	(36	.3)	(24.3)	49			
Gross margin (a)	\$ 822	2.1	\$ 791.1	4			

⁽a) Gross margin is a financial measure that is not calculated in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). Gross margin, as used by Great Plains Energy, is defined as operating revenues less fuel, purchased power and transmission. The Company's expense for fuel, purchased power and transmission, offset by wholesale sales margin, is subject to recovery through cost adjustment mechanisms, except for KCP&L's Missouri retail operations. As a result, operating revenues increase or decrease in relation to a significant portion of these expenses. Management believes that gross margin provides a more meaningful basis for evaluating the Electric Utility segment's operations across periods than operating revenues because gross margin excludes the revenue effect of fluctuations in these expenses. Gross margin is used internally to measure performance against budget and in reports to management and the Board of Directors. The Company's definition of gross margin may differ from similar terms used by other companies.

Electric Utility Generation

	Three Mont		%	Year to Date June 30				
	2014	2013	Change	2014	2013	% Change		
Net MWhs Generated by Fuel Type	(thousa	nds)		(thousa				
Coal	4,957	5,021	(1)	10,543	10,591	-		
Nuclear	633	838	(24)	1,527	1,292	18		
Natural gas and oil	69	88	(23)	148	91	62		
Wind	124	154	(19)	251	230	9		
Total Generation	5,783	6,101	(5)	12,469	12,204	2		

 Electric Utility Customers at June 30, 2014

 Residential
 734,900

 Commercial
 98,300

 Industrial
 2,300

 Other
 400

 Total retail customers
 835,900

Electric Utility Statistics

		Three Months Ended June 30					Year to Date June 30					
		2014			2013			2014			2013	
Average non-firm wholesale price per MWh	\$	30.42		\$	26.89		\$	31.48		\$	26.70	
Average purchased power price per MWh	\$	37.88		\$	31.06		\$	38.51		\$	31.29	
Purchased power MWhs	1,8	317,912		1,0	23,871		2,9	49,652		2,1	58,809	
Cooling degree days		438			381			438			381	
Heating degree days		458			634			3,592			3,634	
Equivalent availability - coal plants		70	%		72	%		76	%		76	%
Capacity factor - coal plants		56	%		56	%		62	%		62	%
Equivalent availability - nuclear		53	%		72	%		63	%		55	%
Capacity factor - nuclear		53	%		70	%		64	%		54	%
Equivalent availability - coal and nuclear		68	%		72	%		74	%		73	%
Capacity factor - coal and nuclear		55	%		58	%		62	%		61	%

KCP&L Results

	Three Moi Jun	nths l e 30	Ended	Year to Date June 30				
	2014		2013		2014		2013	
	(mill	ions)			(mill	ions)		
Operating revenues	\$ 439.5	\$	410.8	\$	830.5	\$	777.5	
Fuel	(88.2)		(86.0)		(181.8)		(180.5)	
Purchased power	(40.5)		(18.6)		(59.4)		(37.7)	
Transmission	(12.0)		(8.8)		(22.6)		(16.8)	
Gross margin (a)	 298.8		297.4		566.7		542.5	
Other operating expenses	(168.0)		(154.4)		(336.7)		(299.6)	
Depreciation and amortization	(52.6)		(49.6)		(104.3)		(97.2)	
Operating income	 78.2		93.4		125.7		145.7	
Non-operating income and expenses	3.2		2.6		7.6		3.9	
Interest charges	(31.0)		(31.5)		(61.7)		(63.5)	
Income tax expense	(15.6)		(20.3)		(19.6)		(25.7)	
Net income	\$ 34.8	\$	44.2	\$	52.0	\$	60.4	

KCP&L Gross Margin

	R	evenues	and (Costs	%	MWhs	Sold	%
Three Months Ended June 30	20	14		2013 Change		2014	2013	Change
Retail revenues		(mil	lions)			(thousa	nds)	
Residential	\$	146.5	\$	142.3	3	1,181	1,151	3
Commercial		180.1		181.5	(1)	1,870	1,864	-
Industrial		35.9		34.8	3	484	466	4
Other retail revenues		3.1		3.3	(8)	20	21	(3)
Kansas property tax surcharge		0.5		(0.1)	N/M	N/A	N/A	N/A
Fuel recovery mechanism		4.2		3.6	17	N/A	N/A	N/A
Total retail		370.3		365.4	1	3,555	3,502	2
Wholesale revenues		65.3		41.4	58	1,927	1,462	32
Other revenues		3.9		4.0	(4)	N/A	N/A	N/A
Operating revenues		439.5		410.8	7	5,482	4,964	10
Fuel		(88.2)		(86.0)	3			
Purchased power		(40.5)		(18.6)	118			
Transmission		(12.0)		(8.8)	34			
Gross margin (a)	\$	298.8	\$	297.4	_			

	Revenues	and	Costs	%	MWhs	Sold	%
Year to Date June 30	2014		2013	Change	2014	2013	Change
Retail revenues	(mil	lions)			(thousa		
Residential	\$ 291.5	\$	278.4	5	2,640	2,513	5
Commercial	340.9		335.3	2	3,738	3,636	3
Industrial	65.0		61.6	6	918	862	7
Other retail revenues	6.2		6.5	(6)	42	44	(4)
Kansas property tax surcharge	1.7		-	N/M	N/A	N/A	N/A
Fuel recovery mechanism	1.1		7.5	N/M	N/A	N/A	N/A
Total retail	 706.4		689.3	2	7,338	7,055	4
Wholesale revenues	115.1		79.7	44	3,547	2,863	24
Other revenues	9.0		8.5	6	N/A	N/A	N/A
Operating revenues	830.5		777.5	7	10,885	9,918	10
Fuel	(181.8)		(180.5)	1			
Purchased power	(59.4)		(37.7)	58			
Transmission	(22.6)		(16.8)	34			
Gross margin (a)	\$ 566.7	\$	542.5	4			

⁽a) Gross margin is a financial measure that is not calculated in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). Gross margin, as used by Great Plains Energy, is defined as operating revenues less fuel, purchased power and transmission. KCP&L's expense for fuel, purchased power and transmission, offset by wholesale sales margin, is subject to recovery through cost adjustment mechanisms, except for KCP&L's Missouri retail operations. As a result, operating revenues increase or decrease in relation to a significant portion of these expenses. Management believes that gross margin provides a more meaningful basis for evaluating KCP&L's operations across periods than operating revenues because gross margin excludes the revenue effect of fluctuations in these expenses. Gross margin is used internally to measure performance against budget and in reports to management and the Board of Directors. The Company's definition of gross margin may differ from similar terms used by other companies.

KCP&L Generation

	Three Mont June		%	Year to June		%			
	2014	2013	Change	2014	2013	Change			
Net MWhs Generated by Fuel Type	(thousa	nds)		(thousands)					
Coal	4,015	3,645	10	8,171	7,847	4			
Nuclear	633	838	(24)	1,527	1,292	18			
Natural gas and oil	42	74	(45)	53	74	(30)			
Wind	124	154	(19)	251	230	9			
Total Generation	4,814	4,711	2	10,002	9,443	6			

KCP&L Customers at June 30, 2014	
Residential	457,700
Commercial	59,300
Industrial	2,000
Other	100
Total retail customers	519,100

KCP&L Statistics

	Three Months Ended June 30						Year to Date June 30					
		2014	un		2013			2014	uni		2013	
Average non-firm wholesale price per MWh	\$	30.34		\$	27.48		\$	31.33		\$	26.96	
Average purchased power price per MWh	\$	39.19		\$	37.62		\$	39.27		\$	38.32	
Purchased power - MWh		747,971			465,150		1.	263,964			925,596	
Cooling degree days		438			381			438			381	
Heating degree days		458			634			3,592			3,634	
Equivalent availability - coal plants		74	%		69	%		77	%		75	%
Capacity factor - coal plants		62	%		55	%		66	%		63	%
Equivalent availability - nuclear		53	%		72	%		63	%		55	%
Capacity factor - nuclear		53	%		70	%		64	%		54	%

KCP&L Greater Missouri Operations Company (GMO) Utility Operations

(Unaudited)

GMO Utility Results

	,	Three Months Ended June 30					Year to Date June 30				
		2014		2013		2014		2013			
		(mill	llions)		(mi		ions)				
Operating revenues	\$	209.4	\$	194.1	\$	414.0	\$	375.0			
Fuel		(27.2)		(35.2)		(68.8)		(72.9)			
Purchased power		(39.1)		(20.9)		(76.1)		(46.0)			
Transmission		(6.7)		(4.1)		(13.7)		(7.5)			
Gross margin (a)		136.4		133.9		255.4		248.6			
Other operating expenses		(66.3)		(60.0)		(131.4)		(117.6)			
Depreciation and amortization		(23.0)		(23.0)		(45.8)		(45.6)			
Operating income	'	47.1		50.9		78.2		85.4			
Non-operating income and expenses		0.2		(0.1)		0.1		(0.2)			
Interest charges		(15.0)		(15.9)		(31.3)		(31.7)			
Income tax expense		(12.4)		(13.6)		(18.2)		(20.8)			
Net income	\$	19.9	\$	21.3	\$	28.8	\$	32.7			

GMO Utility Gross Margin

		Revenues	and C	Costs	%	MWhs	%		
Three Months Ended June 30	2		2013	Change	2014	2013	Change		
Retail revenues		(millions)				(thousa	nds)		
Residential	\$	88.8	\$	85.7	4	723	717	1	
Commercial		71.5		71.5	-	798	801	-	
Industrial		24.5		23.9	2	356	346	3	
Other retail revenues		1.9		2.2	1	9	8	(1)	
Fuel recovery mechanism		11.6		2.3	N/M	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Total retail		198.3		185.6	7	1,886	1,872	1	
Wholesale revenues		3.4		1.8	89	73	63	16	
Other revenues		7.7		6.7	17	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Operating revenues		209.4		194.1	8	1,959	1,935	1	
Fuel		(27.2)		(35.2)	(23)				
Purchased power		(39.1)		(20.9)	86				
Transmission		(6.7)		(4.1)	71				
Gross margin (a)	\$	136.4	\$	133.9	2				

_	Revenues and Costs				%	MWhs	%		
Year to Date June 30	2014			2013	Change	2014	2013	Change	
Retail revenues		(millions)				(thousan	nds)		
Residential	\$	187.5	\$	176.2	6	1,815	1,709	6	
Commercial		128.8		126.4	2	1,587	1,554	2	
Industrial		42.5		41.4	2	670	656	2	
Other retail revenues		3.8		4.0	(1)	16	16	(1)	
Fuel recovery mechanism		28.1		6.6	N/M	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Total retail	<u></u>	390.7		354.6	10	4,088	3,935	4	
Wholesale revenues		6.5		3.3	N/M	116	110	5	
Other revenues		16.8		17.1	(2)	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Operating revenues		414.0		375.0	10	4,204	4,045	4	
Fuel		(68.8)		(72.9)	(6)				
Purchased power		(76.1)		(46.0)	65				
Transmission		(13.7)		(7.5)	84				
Gross margin (a)	\$	255.4	\$	248.6	3				

⁽a) Gross margin is a financial measure that is not calculated in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). Grr margin, as used by Great Plains Energy, is defined as operating revenues less fuel, purchased power and transmission. GMO's expense for fuel, purchased power and transmission, offset by wholesale sales margin, is subject to recovery through cost adjustment mechanisms. As a result, operating revenues increase or decrease in relation to a significant portion of these expenses. Management believes that gross margin provides a more meaningful basis for evaluating GMO's operations across periods than operating revenues because gross margin excludes the revenue effect of fluctuations in these expenses. Gross margin is used internally to measure performance against budget and in reports to management and the Board of Directors. The Company's definition of gross margin may differ from similar terms used by of companies.

GMO Generation

	Three Mon	ths Ended						
	June	30	%	June :	%			
	2014	2013	Change	2014	2013	Change		
Net MWhs Generated by Fuel Type	(thousa	ands)	(thousands)					
Coal	942	1,376	(32)	2,372	2,744	(14)		
Natural gas and oil	27	14	N/M	95	17	N/M		
Total Generation	969	1,390	(30)	2,467	2,761	(11)		

GMO Utility Customers at June 30, 2014

Residential	277,200
Commercial	39,000
Industrial	300
Other	300
Total retail customers	316,800

GMO Utility Statistics

	Three Months Ended June 30						Year to D June 30						
Average non-firm wholesale price per MWh		2014	2013		2013	2014		2014	2013		2013		
	\$	31.29		\$	26.73		\$	33.54		\$	27.71		
Average purchased power price per MWh	\$	35.59		\$	27.06		\$	37.32		\$	26.70		
Purchased power - MWh	1,070,341			698,560			1,966,829		1,575,638				
Cooling degree days		438			381			438			381		
Heating degree days		458			634			3,592			3,634		
Equivalent availability - coal plants		60	%		80	%		73	%		79	%	
Capacity factor - coal plants		38	%		58	%		52	%		60	9	