

THIS FILING IS

Item 1: An Initial (Original) Submission OR Resubmission No. _____

Form 1 Approved
OMB No. 1902-0021
(Expires 12/31/2011)
Form 1-F Approved
OMB No. 1902-0029
(Expires 12/31/2011)
Form 3-Q Approved
OMB No. 1902-0205
(Expires 1/31/2012)



FERC FINANCIAL REPORT

FERC FORM No. 1: Annual Report of Major Electric Utilities, Licensees and Others and Supplemental Form 3-Q: Quarterly Financial Report

These reports are mandatory under the Federal Power Act, Sections 3, 4(a), 304 and 309, and 18 CFR 141.1 and 141.400. Failure to report may result in criminal fines, civil penalties and other sanctions as provided by law. The Federal Energy Regulatory Commission does not consider these reports to be of confidential nature

Exact Legal Name of Respondent (Company)

KCP&L Greater Missouri Operations Company

Year/Period of Report

End of 2010/Q1

INSTRUCTIONS FOR FILING FERC FORM NOS. 1 and 3-Q

GENERAL INFORMATION

I. Purpose

FERC Form No. 1 (FERC Form 1) is an annual regulatory requirement for Major electric utilities, licensees and others (18 C.F.R. § 141.1). FERC Form No. 3-Q (FERC Form 3-Q) is a quarterly regulatory requirement which supplements the annual financial reporting requirement (18 C.F.R. § 141.400). These reports are designed to collect financial and operational information from electric utilities, licensees and others subject to the jurisdiction of the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission. These reports are also considered to be non-confidential public use forms.

II. Who Must Submit

Each Major electric utility, licensee, or other, as classified in the Commission's Uniform System of Accounts Prescribed for Public Utilities and Licensees Subject To the Provisions of The Federal Power Act (18 C.F.R. Part 101), must submit FERC Form 1 (18 C.F.R. § 141.1), and FERC Form 3-Q (18 C.F.R. § 141.400).

Note: Major means having, in each of the three previous calendar years, sales or transmission service that exceeds one of the following:

- (1) one million megawatt hours of total annual sales,
- (2) 100 megawatt hours of annual sales for resale,
- (3) 500 megawatt hours of annual power exchanges delivered, or
- (4) 500 megawatt hours of annual wheeling for others (deliveries plus losses).

III. What and Where to Submit

(a) Submit FERC Forms 1 and 3-Q electronically through the forms submission software. Retain one copy of each report for your files. Any electronic submission must be created by using the forms submission software provided free by the Commission at its web site: <http://www.ferc.gov/docs-filing/eforms/form-1/elec-subm-soft.asp>. The software is used to submit the electronic filing to the Commission via the Internet.

(b) The Corporate Officer Certification must be submitted electronically as part of the FERC Forms 1 and 3-Q filings.

(c) Submit immediately upon publication, by either eFiling or mail, two (2) copies to the Secretary of the Commission, the latest Annual Report to Stockholders. Unless eFiling the Annual Report to Stockholders, mail the stockholders report to the Secretary of the Commission at:

Secretary
Federal Energy Regulatory Commission
888 First Street, NE
Washington, DC 20426

(d) For the CPA Certification Statement, submit within 30 days after filing the FERC Form 1, a letter or report (not applicable to filers classified as Class C or Class D prior to January 1, 1984). The CPA Certification Statement can be either eFiled or mailed to the Secretary of the Commission at the address above.

The CPA Certification Statement should:

- a) Attest to the conformity, in all material aspects, of the below listed (schedules and pages) with the Commission's applicable Uniform System of Accounts (including applicable notes relating thereto and the Chief Accountant's published accounting releases), and
- b) Be signed by independent certified public accountants or an independent licensed public accountant certified or licensed by a regulatory authority of a State or other political subdivision of the U. S. (See 18 C.F.R. §§ 41.10-41.12 for specific qualifications.)

<u>Reference Schedules</u>	<u>Pages</u>
Comparative Balance Sheet	110-113
Statement of Income	114-117
Statement of Retained Earnings	118-119
Statement of Cash Flows	120-121
Notes to Financial Statements	122-123

- e) The following format must be used for the CPA Certification Statement unless unusual circumstances or conditions, explained in the letter or report, demand that it be varied. Insert parenthetical phrases only when exceptions are reported.

"In connection with our regular examination of the financial statements of _____ for the year ended on which we have reported separately under date of _____, we have also reviewed schedules _____ of FERC Form No. 1 for the year filed with the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, for conformity in all material respects with the requirements of the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission as set forth in its applicable Uniform System of Accounts and published accounting releases. Our review for this purpose included such tests of the accounting records and such other auditing procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

Based on our review, in our opinion the accompanying schedules identified in the preceding paragraph (except as noted below) conform in all material respects with the accounting requirements of the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission as set forth in its applicable Uniform System of Accounts and published accounting releases."

The letter or report must state which, if any, of the pages above do not conform to the Commission's requirements. Describe the discrepancies that exist.

- (f) Filers are encouraged to file their Annual Report to Stockholders, and the CPA Certification Statement using eFiling. To further that effort, new selections, "Annual Report to Stockholders," and "CPA Certification Statement" have been added to the dropdown "pick list" from which companies must choose when eFiling. Further instructions are found on the Commission's website at <http://www.ferc.gov/help/how-to.asp>.

- (g) Federal, State and Local Governments and other authorized users may obtain additional blank copies of FERC Form 1 and 3-Q free of charge from <http://www.ferc.gov/docs-filing/eforms/form-1/form-1.pdf> and <http://www.ferc.gov/docs-filing/eforms.asp#3Q-gas>.

IV. When to Submit:

FERC Forms 1 and 3-Q must be filed by the following schedule:

- a) FERC Form 1 for each year ending December 31 must be filed by April 18th of the following year (18 CFR § 141.1), and
- b) FERC Form 3-Q for each calendar quarter must be filed within 60 days after the reporting quarter (18 C.F.R. § 141.400).

V. Where to Send Comments on Public Reporting Burden.

The public reporting burden for the FERC Form 1 collection of information is estimated to average 1,144 hours per response, including the time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data-needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information. The public reporting burden for the FERC Form 3-Q collection of information is estimated to average 150 hours per response.

Send comments regarding these burden estimates or any aspect of these collections of information, including suggestions for reducing burden, to the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, 888 First Street NE, Washington, DC 20426 (Attention: Information Clearance Officer); and to the Office of Information and Regulatory Affairs, Office of Management and Budget, Washington, DC 20503 (Attention: Desk Officer for the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission). No person shall be subject to any penalty if any collection of information does not display a valid control number (44 U.S.C. § 3512 (a)).

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

- I. Prepare this report in conformity with the Uniform System of Accounts (18 CFR Part 101) (USofA). Interpret all accounting words and phrases in accordance with the USofA.
- II. Enter in whole numbers (dollars or MWH) only, except where otherwise noted. (Enter cents for averages and figures per unit where cents are important. The truncating of cents is allowed except on the four basic financial statements where rounding is required.) The amounts shown on all supporting pages must agree with the amounts entered on the statements that they support. When applying thresholds to determine significance for reporting purposes, use for balance sheet accounts the balances at the end of the current reporting period, and use for statement of income accounts the current year's year to date amounts.
- III. Complete each question fully and accurately, even if it has been answered in a previous report. Enter the word "None" where it truly and completely states the fact.
- IV. For any page(s) that is not applicable to the respondent, omit the page(s) and enter "NA," "NONE," or "Not Applicable" in column (d) on the List of Schedules, pages 2 and 3.
- V. Enter the month, day, and year for all dates. Use customary abbreviations. **The "Date of Report" included in the header of each page is to be completed only for resubmissions** (see VII. below).
- VI. Generally, except for certain schedules, all numbers, whether they are expected to be debits or credits, must be reported as positive. Numbers having a sign that is different from the expected sign must be reported by enclosing the numbers in parentheses.
- VII. For any resubmissions, submit the electronic filing using the form submission software only. Please explain the reason for the resubmission in a footnote to the data field.
- VIII. Do not make references to reports of previous periods/years or to other reports in lieu of required entries, except as specifically authorized.
- IX. Wherever (schedule) pages refer to figures from a previous period/year, the figures reported must be based upon those shown by the report of the previous period/year, or an appropriate explanation given as to why the different figures were used.

Definitions for statistical classifications used for completing schedules for transmission system reporting are as follows:

FNS - Firm Network Transmission Service for Self. "Firm" means service that can not be interrupted for economic reasons and is intended to remain reliable even under adverse conditions. "Network Service" is Network Transmission Service as described in Order No. 888 and the Open Access Transmission Tariff. "Self" means the respondent.

FNO - Firm Network Service for Others. "Firm" means that service cannot be interrupted for economic reasons and is intended to remain reliable even under adverse conditions. "Network Service" is Network Transmission Service as described in Order No. 888 and the Open Access Transmission Tariff.

LFP - for Long-Term Firm Point-to-Point Transmission Reservations. "Long-Term" means one year or longer and "firm" means that service cannot be interrupted for economic reasons and is intended to remain reliable even under adverse conditions. "Point-to-Point Transmission Reservations" are described in Order No. 888 and the Open Access Transmission Tariff. For all transactions identified as LFP, provide in a footnote the

termination date of the contract defined as the earliest date either buyer or seller can unilaterally cancel the contract.

OLF - Other Long-Term Firm Transmission Service. Report service provided under contracts which do not conform to the terms of the Open Access Transmission Tariff. "Long-Term" means one year or longer and "firm" means that service cannot be interrupted for economic reasons and is intended to remain reliable even under adverse conditions. For all transactions identified as OLF, provide in a footnote the termination date of the contract defined as the earliest date either buyer or seller can unilaterally get out of the contract.

SFP - Short-Term Firm Point-to-Point Transmission Reservations. Use this classification for all firm point-to-point transmission reservations, where the duration of each period of reservation is less than one-year.

NF - Non-Firm Transmission Service, where firm means that service cannot be interrupted for economic reasons and is intended to remain reliable even under adverse conditions.

OS - Other Transmission Service. Use this classification only for those services which can not be placed in the above-mentioned classifications, such as all other service regardless of the length of the contract and service FERC Form. Describe the type of service in a footnote for each entry.

AD - Out-of-Period Adjustments. Use this code for any accounting adjustments or "true-ups" for service provided in prior reporting periods. Provide an explanation in a footnote for each adjustment.

DEFINITIONS

I. Commission Authorization (Comm. Auth.) -- The authorization of the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, or any other Commission. Name the commission whose authorization was obtained and give date of the authorization.

II. Respondent -- The person, corporation, licensee, agency, authority, or other Legal entity or instrumentality in whose behalf the report is made.

EXCERPTS FROM THE LAW

Federal Power Act, 16 U.S.C. § 791a-825r

Sec. 3. The words defined in this section shall have the following meanings for purposes of this Act, to with:

(3) 'Corporation' means any corporation, joint-stock company, partnership, association, business trust, organized group of persons, whether incorporated or not, or a receiver or receivers, trustee or trustees of any of the foregoing. It shall not include 'municipalities, as hereinafter defined;

(4) 'Person' means an individual or a corporation;

(5) 'Licensee, means any person, State, or municipality Licensed under the provisions of section 4 of this Act, and any assignee or successor in interest thereof;

(7) 'municipality means a city, county, irrigation district, drainage district, or other political subdivision or agency of a State competent under the Laws thereof to carry and the business of developing, transmitting, unitizing, or distributing power;

(11) "project' means. a complete unit of improvement or development, consisting of a power house, all water conduits, all dams and appurtenant works and structures (including navigation structures) which are a part of said unit, and all storage, diverting, or fore bay reservoirs directly connected therewith, the primary line or lines transmitting power there from to the point of junction with the distribution system or with the interconnected primary transmission system, all miscellaneous structures used and useful in connection with said unit or any part thereof, and all water rights, rights-of-way, ditches, dams, reservoirs, Lands, or interest in Lands the use and occupancy of which are necessary or appropriate in the maintenance and operation of such unit;

"Sec. 4. The Commission is hereby authorized and empowered

(a) To make investigations and to collect and record data concerning the utilization of the water 'resources of any region to be developed, the water-power industry and its relation to other industries and to interstate or foreign commerce, and concerning the location, capacity, development -costs, and relation to markets of power sites; ... to the extent the Commission may deem necessary or useful for the purposes of this Act."

"Sec. 304. (a) Every Licensee and every public utility shall file with the Commission such annual and other periodic or special* reports as the Commission may be rules and regulations or other prescribe as necessary or appropriate to assist the Commission in the -proper administration of this Act. The Commission may prescribe the manner and FERC Form in which such reports salt be made, and require from such persons specific answers to all questions upon which the Commission may need information. The Commission may require that such reports shall include, among other things, full information as to assets and Liabilities, capitalization, net investment, and reduction thereof, gross receipts, interest due and paid, depreciation, and other reserves, cost of project and other facilities, cost of maintenance and operation of the project and other facilities, cost of renewals and replacement of the project works and other facilities, depreciation, generation, transmission, distribution, delivery, use, and sale of electric energy. The Commission may require any such person to make adequate provision for currently determining such costs and other facts. Such reports shall be made under oath unless the Commission otherwise specifies*.10

"Sec. 309. The Commission shall have power to perform any and all acts, and to prescribe, issue, make, and rescind such orders, rules and regulations as it may find necessary or appropriate to carry out the provisions of this Act. Among other things, such rules and regulations may define accounting, technical, and trade terms used in this Act; and may prescribe the FERC Form or FERC Forms of all statements, declarations, applications, and reports to be filed with the Commission, the information which they shall contain, and the time within which they shall be filed..."

General Penalties

The Commission may assess up to \$1 million per day per violation of its rules and regulations. *See* FPA § 316(a) (2005), 16 U.S.C. § 825o(a).

Name of Respondent KCP&L Greater Missouri Operations Company	This Report Is: (1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	Date of Report 06/01/2010	Year/Period of Report End of <u>2010/Q1</u>
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IMPORTANT CHANGES DURING THE QUARTER/YEAR

Give particulars (details) concerning the matters indicated below. Make the statements explicit and precise, and number them in accordance with the inquiries. Each inquiry should be answered. Enter "none," "not applicable," or "NA" where applicable. If information which answers an inquiry is given elsewhere in the report, make a reference to the schedule in which it appears.

1. Changes in and important additions to franchise rights: Describe the actual consideration given therefore and state from whom the franchise rights were acquired. If acquired without the payment of consideration, state that fact.
2. Acquisition of ownership in other companies by reorganization, merger, or consolidation with other companies: Give names of companies involved, particulars concerning the transactions, name of the Commission authorizing the transaction, and reference to Commission authorization.
3. Purchase or sale of an operating unit or system: Give a brief description of the property, and of the transactions relating thereto, and reference to Commission authorization, if any was required. Give date journal entries called for by the Uniform System of Accounts were submitted to the Commission.
4. Important leaseholds (other than leaseholds for natural gas lands) that have been acquired or given, assigned or surrendered: Give effective dates, lengths of terms, names of parties, rents, and other condition. State name of Commission authorizing lease and give reference to such authorization.
5. Important extension or reduction of transmission or distribution system: State territory added or relinquished and date operations began or ceased and give reference to Commission authorization, if any was required. State also the approximate number of customers added or lost and approximate annual revenues of each class of service. Each natural gas company must also state major new continuing sources of gas made available to it from purchases, development, purchase contract or otherwise, giving location and approximate total gas volumes available, period of contracts, and other parties to any such arrangements, etc.
6. Obligations incurred as a result of issuance of securities or assumption of liabilities or guarantees including issuance of short-term debt and commercial paper having a maturity of one year or less. Give reference to FERC or State Commission authorization, as appropriate, and the amount of obligation or guarantee.
7. Changes in articles of incorporation or amendments to charter: Explain the nature and purpose of such changes or amendments.
8. State the estimated annual effect and nature of any important wage scale changes during the year.
9. State briefly the status of any materially important legal proceedings pending at the end of the year, and the results of any such proceedings culminated during the year.
10. Describe briefly any materially important transactions of the respondent not disclosed elsewhere in this report in which an officer, director, security holder reported on Page 106, voting trustee, associated company or known associate of any of these persons was a party or in which any such person had a material interest.
11. (Reserved.)
12. If the important changes during the year relating to the respondent company appearing in the annual report to stockholders are applicable in every respect and furnish the data required by Instructions 1 to 11 above, such notes may be included on this page.
13. Describe fully any changes in officers, directors, major security holders and voting powers of the respondent that may have occurred during the reporting period.
14. In the event that the respondent participates in a cash management program(s) and its proprietary capital ratio is less than 30 percent please describe the significant events or transactions causing the proprietary capital ratio to be less than 30 percent, and the extent to which the respondent has amounts loaned or money advanced to its parent, subsidiary, or affiliated companies through a cash management program(s). Additionally, please describe plans, if any to regain at least a 30 percent proprietary ratio.

PAGE 108 INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK
SEE PAGE 109 FOR REQUIRED INFORMATION.

Name of Respondent	This Report is: (1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) 06/01/2010	Year/Period of Report 2010/Q1
KCP&L Greater Missouri Operations Company			
IMPORTANT CHANGES DURING THE QUARTER/YEAR (Continued)			

1. None
2. None
3. None
4. None
5. None
6. Please see pages 122-123 for Notes to Financial Statements, Note 5 Short-Term Borrowings and Short-Term Bank Lines of Credit and Note 6 Long-Term Debt for obligations incurred during the first quarter 2010.
7. None
8. Management and general contract (union) wage increases during the first quarter 2010 are as follows:
Local 1464 increase of 3.50% was effective 2/1/10.
Local 412 increase of 3.40% was effective 3/1/10.
KCP&L management merit increase of 3.00% was effective 3/1/10.
9. **Legal and Regulatory Proceedings/Actions:**
Please see pages 122-123 for Notes to Financial Statements, Note 3 Regulatory Matters, Note 7 Commitments and Contingencies detailing 2010 Environmental Matters and Note 8 for Legal Proceedings that were still active at March 31, 2010.
10. None
11. Reserved
12. See the Notes to Financial Statements included on pages 122-123.
13. On January 2, 2010, Lora Cheatum resigned as Vice-President - Procurement. On January 2, 2010, Maria Jenks became Vice-President - Procurement.
14. Not Applicable

COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEET (ASSETS AND OTHER DEBITS)

Line No.	Title of Account (a)	Ref. Page No. (b)	Current Year End of Quarter/Year Balance (c)	Prior Year End Balance 12/31 (d)
1	UTILITY PLANT			
2	Utility Plant (101-106, 114)	200-201	2,607,014,104	2,590,506,193
3	Construction Work in Progress (107)	200-201	382,643,691	364,237,994
4	TOTAL Utility Plant (Enter Total of lines 2 and 3)		2,989,657,795	2,954,744,187
5	(Less) Accum. Prov. for Depr. Amort. Depl. (108, 110, 111, 115)	200-201	954,260,717	938,068,250
6	Net Utility Plant (Enter Total of line 4 less 5)		2,035,397,078	2,016,675,937
7	Nuclear Fuel in Process of Ref., Conv., Enrich., and Fab. (120.1)	202-203	0	0
8	Nuclear Fuel Materials and Assemblies-Stock Account (120.2)		0	0
9	Nuclear Fuel Assemblies in Reactor (120.3)		0	0
10	Spent Nuclear Fuel (120.4)		0	0
11	Nuclear Fuel Under Capital Leases (120.6)		0	0
12	(Less) Accum. Prov. for Amort. of Nucl. Fuel Assemblies (120.5)	202-203	0	0
13	Net Nuclear Fuel (Enter Total of lines 7-11 less 12)		0	0
14	Net Utility Plant (Enter Total of lines 6 and 13)		2,035,397,078	2,016,675,937
15	Utility Plant Adjustments (116)		0	0
16	Gas Stored Underground - Noncurrent (117)		0	0
17	OTHER PROPERTY AND INVESTMENTS			
18	Nonutility Property (121)		25,930,543	25,873,723
19	(Less) Accum. Prov. for Depr. and Amort. (122)		5,818,823	5,697,278
20	Investments in Associated Companies (123)		0	0
21	Investment in Subsidiary Companies (123.1)	224-225	-887,535,800	-889,522,328
22	(For Cost of Account 123.1, See Footnote Page 224, line 42)			
23	Noncurrent Portion of Allowances	228-229	0	0
24	Other Investments (124)		0	0
25	Sinking Funds (125)		0	0
26	Depreciation Fund (126)		0	0
27	Amortization Fund - Federal (127)		0	0
28	Other Special Funds (128)		26,088,509	26,494,208
29	Special Funds (Non Major Only) (129)		0	0
30	Long-Term Portion of Derivative Assets (175)		0	0
31	Long-Term Portion of Derivative Assets – Hedges (176)		0	0
32	TOTAL Other Property and Investments (Lines 18-21 and 23-31)		-841,335,571	-842,851,675
33	CURRENT AND ACCRUED ASSETS			
34	Cash and Working Funds (Non-major Only) (130)		0	0
35	Cash (131)		1,332,889	1,260,251
36	Special Deposits (132-134)		4,750,456	4,307,269
37	Working Fund (135)		374,050	374,050
38	Temporary Cash Investments (136)		24,455	37,654,443
39	Notes Receivable (141)		0	0
40	Customer Accounts Receivable (142)		47,942,546	47,273,088
41	Other Accounts Receivable (143)		10,264,036	9,933,505
42	(Less) Accum. Prov. for Uncollectible Acct.-Credit (144)		1,786,676	1,153,177
43	Notes Receivable from Associated Companies (145)		1,431,824,108	1,331,303,550
44	Accounts Receivable from Assoc. Companies (146)		115,962,621	207,391,151
45	Fuel Stock (151)	227	28,560,524	29,482,597
46	Fuel Stock Expenses Undistributed (152)	227	0	0
47	Residuals (Elec) and Extracted Products (153)	227	0	0
48	Plant Materials and Operating Supplies (154)	227	30,830,852	28,894,060
49	Merchandise (155)	227	0	0
50	Other Materials and Supplies (156)	227	0	0
51	Nuclear Materials Held for Sale (157)	202-203/227	0	0
52	Allowances (158.1 and 158.2)	228-229	9,508,227	9,891,057

COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEET (ASSETS AND OTHER DEBITS)(Continued)

Line No.	Title of Account (a)	Ref. Page No. (b)	Current Year End of Quarter/Year Balance (c)	Prior Year End Balance 12/31 (d)
53	(Less) Noncurrent Portion of Allowances		0	0
54	Stores Expense Undistributed (163)	227	7,915,324	7,628,747
55	Gas Stored Underground - Current (164.1)		0	0
56	Liquefied Natural Gas Stored and Held for Processing (164.2-164.3)		0	0
57	Prepayments (165)		1,646,478	2,390,772
58	Advances for Gas (166-167)		0	0
59	Interest and Dividends Receivable (171)		0	0
60	Rents Receivable (172)		640,255	426,701
61	Accrued Utility Revenues (173)		26,674,170	33,265,601
62	Miscellaneous Current and Accrued Assets (174)		11,166,963	4,791,588
63	Derivative Instrument Assets (175)		0	0
64	(Less) Long-Term Portion of Derivative Instrument Assets (175)		0	0
65	Derivative Instrument Assets - Hedges (176)		0	0
66	(Less) Long-Term Portion of Derivative Instrument Assets - Hedges (176)		0	0
67	Total Current and Accrued Assets (Lines 34 through 66)		1,727,631,278	1,755,115,253
68	DEFERRED DEBITS			
69	Unamortized Debt Expenses (181)		2,408,210	2,588,301
70	Extraordinary Property Losses (182.1)	230a	0	0
71	Unrecovered Plant and Regulatory Study Costs (182.2)	230b	0	0
72	Other Regulatory Assets (182.3)	232	222,056,949	212,377,615
73	Prelim. Survey and Investigation Charges (Electric) (183)		125,471	128,452
74	Preliminary Natural Gas Survey and Investigation Charges 183.1)		0	0
75	Other Preliminary Survey and Investigation Charges (183.2)		0	0
76	Clearing Accounts (184)		965,168	1,465,513
77	Temporary Facilities (185)		0	0
78	Miscellaneous Deferred Debits (186)	233	175,377,446	176,203,418
79	Def. Losses from Disposition of Utility Plt. (187)		0	0
80	Research, Devel. and Demonstration Expend. (188)	352-353	0	0
81	Unamortized Loss on Reaquired Debt (189)		284,634	295,735
82	Accumulated Deferred Income Taxes (190)	234	473,988,701	488,223,807
83	Unrecovered Purchased Gas Costs (191)		0	0
84	Total Deferred Debits (lines 69 through 83)		875,206,579	881,282,841
85	TOTAL ASSETS (lines 14-16, 32, 67, and 84)		3,796,899,364	3,810,222,356

COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEET (LIABILITIES AND OTHER CREDITS)

Line No.	Title of Account (a)	Ref. Page No. (b)	Current Year End of Quarter/Year Balance (c)	Prior Year End Balance 12/31 (d)
1	PROPRIETARY CAPITAL			
2	Common Stock Issued (201)	250-251	0	0
3	Preferred Stock Issued (204)	250-251	0	0
4	Capital Stock Subscribed (202, 205)		0	0
5	Stock Liability for Conversion (203, 206)		0	0
6	Premium on Capital Stock (207)		0	0
7	Other Paid-In Capital (208-211)	253	1,276,949,287	1,276,949,287
8	Installments Received on Capital Stock (212)	252	0	0
9	(Less) Discount on Capital Stock (213)	254	0	0
10	(Less) Capital Stock Expense (214)	254b	0	0
11	Retained Earnings (215, 215.1, 216)	118-119	28,645,622	30,395,104
12	Unappropriated Undistributed Subsidiary Earnings (216.1)	118-119	-2,415,310	-4,401,837
13	(Less) Reaquired Capital Stock (217)	250-251	0	0
14	Noncorporate Proprietorship (Non-major only) (218)		0	0
15	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (219)	122(a)(b)	-757,624	-809,276
16	Total Proprietary Capital (lines 2 through 15)		1,302,421,975	1,302,133,278
17	LONG-TERM DEBT			
18	Bonds (221)	256-257	30,275,000	31,400,000
19	(Less) Reaquired Bonds (222)	256-257	0	0
20	Advances from Associated Companies (223)	256-257	0	0
21	Other Long-Term Debt (224)	256-257	1,007,142,743	1,015,696,887
22	Unamortized Premium on Long-Term Debt (225)		0	0
23	(Less) Unamortized Discount on Long-Term Debt-Debit (226)		0	0
24	Total Long-Term Debt (lines 18 through 23)		1,037,417,743	1,047,096,887
25	OTHER NONCURRENT LIABILITIES			
26	Obligations Under Capital Leases - Noncurrent (227)		2,037,873	2,051,456
27	Accumulated Provision for Property Insurance (228.1)		0	0
28	Accumulated Provision for Injuries and Damages (228.2)		2,516,831	2,793,382
29	Accumulated Provision for Pensions and Benefits (228.3)		19,334,356	19,443,555
30	Accumulated Miscellaneous Operating Provisions (228.4)		0	0
31	Accumulated Provision for Rate Refunds (229)		0	0
32	Long-Term Portion of Derivative Instrument Liabilities		0	0
33	Long-Term Portion of Derivative Instrument Liabilities - Hedges		0	0
34	Asset Retirement Obligations (230)		12,985,538	12,789,319
35	Total Other Noncurrent Liabilities (lines 26 through 34)		36,874,598	37,077,712
36	CURRENT AND ACCRUED LIABILITIES			
37	Notes Payable (231)		283,000,000	232,000,000
38	Accounts Payable (232)		29,963,556	54,074,414
39	Notes Payable to Associated Companies (233)		647,063,467	647,063,467
40	Accounts Payable to Associated Companies (234)		27,081,489	42,994,935
41	Customer Deposits (235)		7,018,466	7,021,485
42	Taxes Accrued (236)	262-263	2,347,426	2,290,820
43	Interest Accrued (237)		25,104,536	37,184,422
44	Dividends Declared (238)		0	0
45	Matured Long-Term Debt (239)		0	0

COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEET (LIABILITIES AND OTHER CREDITS) (Continued)

Line No.	Title of Account (a)	Ref. Page No. (b)	Current Year End of Quarter/Year Balance (c)	Prior Year End Balance 12/31 (d)
46	Matured Interest (240)		0	0
47	Tax Collections Payable (241)		692,505	754,755
48	Miscellaneous Current and Accrued Liabilities (242)		11,000,117	11,041,167
49	Obligations Under Capital Leases-Current (243)		52,767	51,738
50	Derivative Instrument Liabilities (244)		0	0
51	(Less) Long-Term Portion of Derivative Instrument Liabilities		0	0
52	Derivative Instrument Liabilities - Hedges (245)		0	0
53	(Less) Long-Term Portion of Derivative Instrument Liabilities-Hedges		0	0
54	Total Current and Accrued Liabilities (lines 37 through 53)		1,033,324,329	1,034,477,203
55	DEFERRED CREDITS			
56	Customer Advances for Construction (252)		5,926,881	6,181,231
57	Accumulated Deferred Investment Tax Credits (255)	266-267	4,621,753	4,806,982
58	Deferred Gains from Disposition of Utility Plant (256)		0	0
59	Other Deferred Credits (253)	269	21,576,881	29,274,299
60	Other Regulatory Liabilities (254)	278	51,042,713	50,968,075
61	Unamortized Gain on Reaquired Debt (257)		0	0
62	Accum. Deferred Income Taxes-Accel. Amort.(281)	272-277	0	0
63	Accum. Deferred Income Taxes-Other Property (282)		241,901,990	237,118,571
64	Accum. Deferred Income Taxes-Other (283)		61,790,501	61,088,118
65	Total Deferred Credits (lines 56 through 64)		386,860,719	389,437,276
66	TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDER EQUITY (lines 16, 24, 35, 54 and 65)		3,796,899,364	3,810,222,356

STATEMENT OF INCOME

Quarterly

1. Report in column (c) the current year to date balance. Column (c) equals the total of adding the data in column (g) plus the data in column (i) plus the data in column (k). Report in column (d) similar data for the previous year. This information is reported in the annual filing only.
2. Enter in column (e) the balance for the reporting quarter and in column (f) the balance for the same three month period for the prior year.
3. Report in column (g) the quarter to date amounts for electric utility function; in column (i) the quarter to date amounts for gas utility, and in column (k) the quarter to date amounts for other utility function for the current year quarter.
4. Report in column (h) the quarter to date amounts for electric utility function; in column (j) the quarter to date amounts for gas utility, and in column (l) the quarter to date amounts for other utility function for the prior year quarter.
5. If additional columns are needed, place them in a footnote.

Annual or Quarterly if applicable

5. Do not report fourth quarter data in columns (e) and (f)
6. Report amounts for accounts 412 and 413, Revenues and Expenses from Utility Plant Leased to Others, in another utility column in a similar manner to a utility department. Spread the amount(s) over lines 2 thru 26 as appropriate. Include these amounts in columns (c) and (d) totals.
7. Report amounts in account 414, Other Utility Operating Income, in the same manner as accounts 412 and 413 above.

Line No.	Title of Account (a)	(Ref.) Page No. (b)	Total Current Year to Date Balance for Quarter/Year (c)	Total Prior Year to Date Balance for Quarter/Year (d)	Current 3 Months Ended Quarterly Only No 4th Quarter (e)	Prior 3 Months Ended Quarterly Only No 4th Quarter (f)
1	UTILITY OPERATING INCOME					
2	Operating Revenues (400)	300-301	171,308,644	141,683,038	171,308,644	141,683,038
3	Operating Expenses					
4	Operation Expenses (401)	320-323	112,397,365	99,543,004	112,397,365	99,543,004
5	Maintenance Expenses (402)	320-323	11,425,400	11,599,623	11,425,400	11,599,623
6	Depreciation Expense (403)	336-337	17,999,285	16,775,713	17,999,285	16,775,713
7	Depreciation Expense for Asset Retirement Costs (403.1)	336-337	17,273	10,536	17,273	10,536
8	Amort. & Depl. of Utility Plant (404-405)	336-337	707,283	572,160	707,283	572,160
9	Amort. of Utility Plant Acq. Adj. (406)	336-337				
10	Amort. Property Losses, Unrecov Plant and Regulatory Study Costs (407)					
11	Amort. of Conversion Expenses (407)					
12	Regulatory Debits (407.3)					
13	(Less) Regulatory Credits (407.4)		213,492	195,980	213,492	195,980
14	Taxes Other Than Income Taxes (408.1)	262-263	6,633,264	4,200,880	6,633,264	4,200,880
15	Income Taxes - Federal (409.1)	262-263	-5,363,366	-4,019,469	-5,363,366	-4,019,469
16	- Other (409.1)	262-263	-837,038	-621,725	-837,038	-621,725
17	Provision for Deferred Income Taxes (410.1)	234, 272-277	9,155,829	1,258,714	9,155,829	1,258,714
18	(Less) Provision for Deferred Income Taxes-Cr. (411.1)	234, 272-277	-1,183,244	979,404	-1,183,244	979,404
19	Investment Tax Credit Adj. - Net (411.4)	266	-185,229	-198,820	-185,229	-198,820
20	(Less) Gains from Disp. of Utility Plant (411.6)					
21	Losses from Disp. of Utility Plant (411.7)					
22	(Less) Gains from Disposition of Allowances (411.8)					
23	Losses from Disposition of Allowances (411.9)					
24	Accretion Expense (411.10)		196,218	185,443	196,218	185,443
25	TOTAL Utility Operating Expenses (Enter Total of lines 4 thru 24)		153,116,036	128,130,675	153,116,036	128,130,675
26	Net Util Oper Inc (Enter Tot line 2 less 25) Carry to Pg117,line 27		18,192,608	13,552,363	18,192,608	13,552,363

STATEMENT OF INCOME FOR THE YEAR (Continued)

- 9. Use page 122 for important notes regarding the statement of income for any account thereof.
- 10. Give concise explanations concerning unsettled rate proceedings where a contingency exists such that refunds of a material amount may need to be made to the utility's customers or which may result in material refund to the utility with respect to power or gas purchases. State for each year effected the gross revenues or costs to which the contingency relates and the tax effects together with an explanation of the major factors which affect the rights of the utility to retain such revenues or recover amounts paid with respect to power or gas purchases.
- 11 Give concise explanations concerning significant amounts of any refunds made or received during the year resulting from settlement of any rate proceeding affecting revenues received or costs incurred for power or gas purchases, and a summary of the adjustments made to balance sheet, income, and expense accounts.
- 12. If any notes appearing in the report to stokholders are applicable to the Statement of Income, such notes may be included at page 122.
- 13. Enter on page 122 a concise explanation of only those changes in accounting methods made during the year which had an effect on net income, including the basis of allocations and apportionments from those used in the preceding year. Also, give the appropriate dollar effect of such changes.
- 14. Explain in a footnote if the previous year's/quarter's figures are different from that reported in prior reports.
- 15. If the columns are insufficient for reporting additional utility departments, supply the appropriate account titles report the information in a footnote to this schedule.

ELECTRIC UTILITY		GAS UTILITY		OTHER UTILITY		Line No.
Current Year to Date (in dollars) (g)	Previous Year to Date (in dollars) (h)	Current Year to Date (in dollars) (i)	Previous Year to Date (in dollars) (j)	Current Year to Date (in dollars) (k)	Previous Year to Date (in dollars) (l)	
171,308,644	141,683,038					2
						3
112,397,365	99,543,004					4
11,425,400	11,599,623					5
17,999,285	16,775,713					6
17,273	10,536					7
707,283	572,160					8
						9
						10
						11
						12
213,492	195,980					13
6,633,264	4,200,880					14
-5,363,366	-4,019,469					15
-837,038	-621,725					16
9,155,829	1,258,714					17
-1,183,244	979,404					18
-185,229	-198,820					19
						20
						21
						22
						23
196,218	185,443					24
153,116,036	128,130,675					25
18,192,608	13,552,363					26

STATEMENT OF INCOME FOR THE YEAR (continued)

Line No.	Title of Account (a)	(Ref.) Page No. (b)	TOTAL		Current 3 Months Ended Quarterly Only No 4th Quarter (e)	Prior 3 Months Ended Quarterly Only No 4th Quarter (f)
			Current Year (c)	Previous Year (d)		
27	Net Utility Operating Income (Carried forward from page 114)		18,192,608	13,552,363	18,192,608	13,552,363
28	Other Income and Deductions					
29	Other Income					
30	Nonutility Operating Income					
31	Revenues From Merchandising, Jobbing and Contract Work (415)			41,526		41,526
32	(Less) Costs and Exp. of Merchandising, Job. & Contract Work (416)					
33	Revenues From Nonutility Operations (417)		144,925	96,336	144,925	96,336
34	(Less) Expenses of Nonutility Operations (417.1)		146,685	-734,938	146,685	-734,938
35	Nonoperating Rental Income (418)		16,500		16,500	
36	Equity in Earnings of Subsidiary Companies (418.1)	119	1,986,527	1,160,080	1,986,527	1,160,080
37	Interest and Dividend Income (419)		980,333	545,174	980,333	545,174
38	Allowance for Other Funds Used During Construction (419.1)		2,003,898	3,649,208	2,003,898	3,649,208
39	Miscellaneous Nonoperating Income (421)		72,181	63,919	72,181	63,919
40	Gain on Disposition of Property (421.1)					
41	TOTAL Other Income (Enter Total of lines 31 thru 40)		5,057,679	6,291,181	5,057,679	6,291,181
42	Other Income Deductions					
43	Loss on Disposition of Property (421.2)					
44	Miscellaneous Amortization (425)			123,993		123,993
45	Donations (426.1)		266,520	252,379	266,520	252,379
46	Life Insurance (426.2)			-46,428		-46,428
47	Penalties (426.3)		240,000	2,297	240,000	2,297
48	Exp. for Certain Civic, Political & Related Activities (426.4)		46,433	43,063	46,433	43,063
49	Other Deductions (426.5)		25,435	23,078	25,435	23,078
50	TOTAL Other Income Deductions (Total of lines 43 thru 49)		578,388	398,382	578,388	398,382
51	Taxes Applic. to Other Income and Deductions					
52	Taxes Other Than Income Taxes (408.2)	262-263	99,999	99,999	99,999	99,999
53	Income Taxes-Federal (409.2)	262-263	-8,069,867	1,001,932	-8,069,867	1,001,932
54	Income Taxes-Other (409.2)	262-263	-771,982	143,051	-771,982	143,051
55	Provision for Deferred Inc. Taxes (410.2)	234, 272-277	-97,492		-97,492	
56	(Less) Provision for Deferred Income Taxes-Cr. (411.2)	234, 272-277	-9,154,709	15,784,516	-9,154,709	15,784,516
57	Investment Tax Credit Adj.-Net (411.5)					
58	(Less) Investment Tax Credits (420)					
59	TOTAL Taxes on Other Income and Deductions (Total of lines 52-58)		315,367	-14,539,534	315,367	-14,539,534
60	Net Other Income and Deductions (Total of lines 41, 50, 59)		4,163,924	20,432,333	4,163,924	20,432,333
61	Interest Charges					
62	Interest on Long-Term Debt (427)		15,207,049	17,384,752	15,207,049	17,384,752
63	Amort. of Debt Disc. and Expense (428)		180,090	326,218	180,090	326,218
64	Amortization of Loss on Reaquired Debt (428.1)		11,101	11,101	11,101	11,101
65	(Less) Amort. of Premium on Debt-Credit (429)					
66	(Less) Amortization of Gain on Reaquired Debt-Credit (429.1)					
67	Interest on Debt to Assoc. Companies (430)		11,661	64,082	11,661	64,082
68	Other Interest Expense (431)		1,042,108	1,766,410	1,042,108	1,766,410
69	(Less) Allowance for Borrowed Funds Used During Construction-Cr. (432)		1,932,522	1,758,317	1,932,522	1,758,317
70	Net Interest Charges (Total of lines 62 thru 69)		14,519,487	17,794,246	14,519,487	17,794,246
71	Income Before Extraordinary Items (Total of lines 27, 60 and 70)		7,837,045	16,190,450	7,837,045	16,190,450
72	Extraordinary Items					
73	Extraordinary Income (434)					
74	(Less) Extraordinary Deductions (435)					
75	Net Extraordinary Items (Total of line 73 less line 74)					
76	Income Taxes-Federal and Other (409.3)	262-263				
77	Extraordinary Items After Taxes (line 75 less line 76)					
78	Net Income (Total of line 71 and 77)		7,837,045	16,190,450	7,837,045	16,190,450

STATEMENT OF RETAINED EARNINGS

1. Do not report Lines 49-53 on the quarterly version.
2. Report all changes in appropriated retained earnings, unappropriated retained earnings, year to date, and unappropriated undistributed subsidiary earnings for the year.
3. Each credit and debit during the year should be identified as to the retained earnings account in which recorded (Accounts 433, 436 - 439 inclusive). Show the contra primary account affected in column (b)
4. State the purpose and amount of each reservation or appropriation of retained earnings.
5. List first account 439, Adjustments to Retained Earnings, reflecting adjustments to the opening balance of retained earnings. Follow by credit, then debit items in that order.
6. Show dividends for each class and series of capital stock.
7. Show separately the State and Federal income tax effect of items shown in account 439, Adjustments to Retained Earnings.
8. Explain in a footnote the basis for determining the amount reserved or appropriated. If such reservation or appropriation is to be recurrent, state the number and annual amounts to be reserved or appropriated as well as the totals eventually to be accumulated.
9. If any notes appearing in the report to stockholders are applicable to this statement, include them on pages 122-123.

Line No.	Item (a)	Contra Primary Account Affected (b)	Current Quarter/Year Year to Date Balance (c)	Previous Quarter/Year Year to Date Balance (d)
	UNAPPROPRIATED RETAINED EARNINGS (Account 216)			
1	Balance-Beginning of Period		30,395,104	5,870,154
2	Changes			
3	Adjustments to Retained Earnings (Account 439)			
4				
5				
6				
7				
8				
9	TOTAL Credits to Retained Earnings (Acct. 439)			
10				
11				
12				
13				
14				
15	TOTAL Debits to Retained Earnings (Acct. 439)			
16	Balance Transferred from Income (Account 433 less Account 418.1)		5,850,518	15,030,370
17	Appropriations of Retained Earnings (Acct. 436)			
18				
19				
20				
21				
22	TOTAL Appropriations of Retained Earnings (Acct. 436)			
23	Dividends Declared-Preferred Stock (Account 437)			
24				
25				
26				
27				
28				
29	TOTAL Dividends Declared-Preferred Stock (Acct. 437)			
30	Dividends Declared-Common Stock (Account 438)			
31			-7,600,000	
32				
33				
34				
35				
36	TOTAL Dividends Declared-Common Stock (Acct. 438)		-7,600,000	
37	Transfers from Acct 216.1, Unapprop. Undistrib. Subsidiary Earnings			
38	Balance - End of Period (Total 1,9,15,16,22,29,36,37)		28,645,622	20,900,524
	APPROPRIATED RETAINED EARNINGS (Account 215)			
39				
40				

STATEMENT OF RETAINED EARNINGS

1. Do not report Lines 49-53 on the quarterly version.
2. Report all changes in appropriated retained earnings, unappropriated retained earnings, year to date, and unappropriated undistributed subsidiary earnings for the year.
3. Each credit and debit during the year should be identified as to the retained earnings account in which recorded (Accounts 433, 436 - 439 inclusive). Show the contra primary account affected in column (b)
4. State the purpose and amount of each reservation or appropriation of retained earnings.
5. List first account 439, Adjustments to Retained Earnings, reflecting adjustments to the opening balance of retained earnings. Follow by credit, then debit items in that order.
6. Show dividends for each class and series of capital stock.
7. Show separately the State and Federal income tax effect of items shown in account 439, Adjustments to Retained Earnings.
8. Explain in a footnote the basis for determining the amount reserved or appropriated. If such reservation or appropriation is to be recurrent, state the number and annual amounts to be reserved or appropriated as well as the totals eventually to be accumulated.
9. If any notes appearing in the report to stockholders are applicable to this statement, include them on pages 122-123.

Line No.	Item (a)	Contra Primary Account Affected (b)	Current Quarter/Year Year to Date Balance (c)	Previous Quarter/Year Year to Date Balance (d)
41				
42				
43				
44				
45	TOTAL Appropriated Retained Earnings (Account 215)			
	APPROP. RETAINED EARNINGS - AMORT. Reserve, Federal (Account 215.1)			
46	TOTAL Approp. Retained Earnings-Amort. Reserve, Federal (Acct. 215.1)			
47	TOTAL Approp. Retained Earnings (Acct. 215, 215.1) (Total 45,46)			
48	TOTAL Retained Earnings (Acct. 215, 215.1, 216) (Total 38, 47) (216.1)		28,645,622	20,900,524
	UNAPPROPRIATED UNDISTRIBUTED SUBSIDIARY EARNINGS (Account			
	Report only on an Annual Basis, no Quarterly			
49	Balance-Beginning of Year (Debit or Credit)			
50	Equity in Earnings for Year (Credit) (Account 418.1)			
51	(Less) Dividends Received (Debit)			
52				
53	Balance-End of Year (Total lines 49 thru 52)			

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

(1) Codes to be used:(a) Net Proceeds or Payments;(b)Bonds, debentures and other long-term debt; (c) Include commercial paper; and (d) Identify separately such items as investments, fixed assets, intangibles, etc.

(2) Information about noncash investing and financing activities must be provided in the Notes to the Financial statements. Also provide a reconciliation between "Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Period" with related amounts on the Balance Sheet.

(3) Operating Activities - Other: Include gains and losses pertaining to operating activities only. Gains and losses pertaining to investing and financing activities should be reported in those activities. Show in the Notes to the Financials the amounts of interest paid (net of amount capitalized) and income taxes paid.

(4) Investing Activities: Include at Other (line 31) net cash outflow to acquire other companies. Provide a reconciliation of assets acquired with liabilities assumed in the Notes to the Financial Statements. Do not include on this statement the dollar amount of leases capitalized per the USofA General Instruction 20; instead provide a reconciliation of the dollar amount of leases capitalized with the plant cost.

Line No.	Description (See Instruction No. 1 for Explanation of Codes) (a)	Current Year to Date Quarter/Year (b)	Previous Year to Date Quarter/Year (c)
1	Net Cash Flow from Operating Activities:		
2	Net Income (Line 78(c) on page 117)	7,837,045	16,190,450
3	Noncash Charges (Credits) to Income:		
4	Depreciation and Depletion	18,706,568	17,347,873
5	Amortization of Other	-8,420,228	-8,019,744
6			
7			
8	Deferred Income Taxes (Net)	19,396,290	-15,505,206
9	Investment Tax Credit Adjustment (Net)	-185,229	-198,820
10	Net (Increase) Decrease in Receivables	5,297,486	17,375,935
11	Net (Increase) Decrease in Inventory	-1,301,296	-5,259,246
12	Net (Increase) Decrease in Allowances Inventory	382,830	649,627
13	Net Increase (Decrease) in Payables and Accrued Expenses	-40,327,916	10,738,576
14	Net (Increase) Decrease in Other Regulatory Assets	-2,209,539	-630,171
15	Net Increase (Decrease) in Other Regulatory Liabilities	331,091	-682,163
16	(Less) Allowance for Other Funds Used During Construction	2,003,898	3,649,208
17	(Less) Undistributed Earnings from Subsidiary Companies	1,986,527	1,160,080
18	Other (provide details in footnote):	-14,237,519	-12,173,391
19			
20			
21			
22	Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities (Total 2 thru 21)	-18,720,842	15,024,432
23			
24	Cash Flows from Investment Activities:		
25	Construction and Acquisition of Plant (including land):		
26	Gross Additions to Utility Plant (less nuclear fuel)	-49,638,624	-76,181,412
27	Gross Additions to Nuclear Fuel		
28	Gross Additions to Common Utility Plant		
29	Gross Additions to Nonutility Plant		
30	(Less) Allowance for Other Funds Used During Construction	-2,003,898	-3,649,208
31	Other (provide details in footnote):		
32			
33			
34	Cash Outflows for Plant (Total of lines 26 thru 33)	-47,634,726	-72,532,204
35			
36	Acquisition of Other Noncurrent Assets (d)		
37	Proceeds from Disposal of Noncurrent Assets (d)		
38			
39	Investments in and Advances to Assoc. and Subsidiary Companies		
40	Contributions and Advances from Assoc. and Subsidiary Companies		
41	Disposition of Investments in (and Advances to)		
42	Associated and Subsidiary Companies		
43			
44	Purchase of Investment Securities (a)		
45	Proceeds from Sales of Investment Securities (a)		

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

(1) Codes to be used:(a) Net Proceeds or Payments;(b)Bonds, debentures and other long-term debt; (c) Include commercial paper; and (d) Identify separately such items as investments, fixed assets, intangibles, etc.

(2) Information about noncash investing and financing activities must be provided in the Notes to the Financial statements. Also provide a reconciliation between "Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Period" with related amounts on the Balance Sheet.

(3) Operating Activities - Other: Include gains and losses pertaining to operating activities only. Gains and losses pertaining to investing and financing activities should be reported in those activities. Show in the Notes to the Financials the amounts of interest paid (net of amount capitalized) and income taxes paid.

(4) Investing Activities: Include at Other (line 31) net cash outflow to acquire other companies. Provide a reconciliation of assets acquired with liabilities assumed in the Notes to the Financial Statements. Do not include on this statement the dollar amount of leases capitalized per the USofA General Instruction 20; instead provide a reconciliation of the dollar amount of leases capitalized with the plant cost.

Line No.	Description (See Instruction No. 1 for Explanation of Codes) (a)	Current Year to Date Quarter/Year (b)	Previous Year to Date Quarter/Year (c)
46	Loans Made or Purchased		
47	Collections on Loans		
48	Proceeds from Sales of Assets	657,476	
49	Net (Increase) Decrease in Receivables		
50	Net (Increase) Decrease in Inventory		
51	Net (Increase) Decrease in Allowances Held for Speculation		
52	Net Increase (Decrease) in Payables and Accrued Expenses		
53	Other (provide details in footnote): Salvage and removal	-1,094,258	-874,384
54	Net Money Pool Lending	-7,040,000	
55	Payment Black Hills for asset sale working capital adjustment		-7,689,333
56	Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Investing Activities		
57	Total of lines 34 thru 55)	-55,111,508	-81,095,921
58			
59	Cash Flows from Financing Activities:		
60	Proceeds from Issuance of:		
61	Long-Term Debt (b)		
62	Preferred Stock		
63	Common Stock		
64	Other (provide details in footnote):		
65	Net Money Pool Borrowings	-6,000,000	
66	Net Increase in Short-Term Debt (c)	51,000,000	103,600,000
67	Other (provide details in footnote):		
68			
69			
70	Cash Provided by Outside Sources (Total 61 thru 69)	45,000,000	103,600,000
71			
72	Payments for Retirement of:		
73	Long-term Debt (b)	-1,125,000	-1,340,047
74	Preferred Stock		
75	Common Stock		
76	Other (provide details in footnote): Issuance Costs		-1,653
77			
78	Net Decrease in Short-Term Debt (c)		
79			
80	Dividends on Preferred Stock		
81	Dividends on Common Stock	-7,600,000	
82	Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Financing Activities		
83	(Total of lines 70 thru 81)	36,275,000	102,258,300
84			
85	Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		
86	(Total of lines 22,57 and 83)	-37,557,350	36,186,811
87			
88	Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Period	39,288,744	25,913,774
89			
90	Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of period	1,731,394	62,100,585

Name of Respondent	This Report is: (1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) 06/01/2010	Year/Period of Report 2010/Q1
KCP&L Greater Missouri Operations Company			
FOOTNOTE DATA			

Schedule Page: 120 Line No.: 90 Column: b

	2010 <u>1st Quarter</u>	2009 <u>1st Quarter</u>
Balance Sheet, pages, 110-111:		
Line No. 35 - Cash (131)	\$1,332,889	\$49,240,401
Line No. 36 - Special Deposits (132-134)	4,750,456	5,722,655
Line No. 37 - Working Fund (135)	374,050	374,050
Line No. 38 - Temporary Cash Investments (136)	24,455	12,389,834
Total Balance Sheet	\$6,481,850	\$67,726,940
Less: Funds on Deposit in 134, not considered Cash and Cash Equivalents	<u>(4,750,456)</u>	<u>(5,626,355)</u>
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Period	\$1,731,394	\$62,100,585

Name of Respondent KCP&L Greater Missouri Operations Company	This Report Is: (1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	Date of Report 06/01/2010	Year/Period of Report End of <u>2010/Q1</u>
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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. Use the space below for important notes regarding the Balance Sheet, Statement of Income for the year, Statement of Retained Earnings for the year, and Statement of Cash Flows, or any account thereof. Classify the notes according to each basic statement, providing a subheading for each statement except where a note is applicable to more than one statement.
2. Furnish particulars (details) as to any significant contingent assets or liabilities existing at end of year, including a brief explanation of any action initiated by the Internal Revenue Service involving possible assessment of additional income taxes of material amount, or of a claim for refund of income taxes of a material amount initiated by the utility. Give also a brief explanation of any dividends in arrears on cumulative preferred stock.
3. For Account 116, Utility Plant Adjustments, explain the origin of such amount, debits and credits during the year, and plan of disposition contemplated, giving references to Commission orders or other authorizations respecting classification of amounts as plant adjustments and requirements as to disposition thereof.
4. Where Accounts 189, Unamortized Loss on Reacquired Debt, and 257, Unamortized Gain on Reacquired Debt, are not used, give an explanation, providing the rate treatment given these items. See General Instruction 17 of the Uniform System of Accounts.
5. Give a concise explanation of any retained earnings restrictions and state the amount of retained earnings affected by such restrictions.
6. If the notes to financial statements relating to the respondent company appearing in the annual report to the stockholders are applicable and furnish the data required by instructions above and on pages 114-121, such notes may be included herein.
7. For the 3Q disclosures, respondent must provide in the notes sufficient disclosures so as to make the interim information not misleading. Disclosures which would substantially duplicate the disclosures contained in the most recent FERC Annual Report may be omitted.
8. For the 3Q disclosures, the disclosures shall be provided where events subsequent to the end of the most recent year have occurred which have a material effect on the respondent. Respondent must include in the notes significant changes since the most recently completed year in such items as: accounting principles and practices; estimates inherent in the preparation of the financial statements; status of long-term contracts; capitalization including significant new borrowings or modifications of existing financing agreements; and changes resulting from business combinations or dispositions. However were material contingencies exist, the disclosure of such matters shall be provided even though a significant change since year end may not have occurred.
9. Finally, if the notes to the financial statements relating to the respondent appearing in the annual report to the stockholders are applicable and furnish the data required by the above instructions, such notes may be included herein.

PAGE 122 INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK
SEE PAGE 123 FOR REQUIRED INFORMATION.

Name of Respondent	This Report is: (1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) 06/01/2010	Year/Period of Report 2010/Q1
KCP&L Greater Missouri Operations Company			
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)			

KCP&L Greater Missouri Operations Company
Notes to Financial Statements
(Unaudited)

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The terms "Company" and "GMO" are used throughout this report and refer to KCP&L Greater Missouri Operations Company (GMO). GMO is a wholly owned subsidiary of Great Plains Energy Incorporated (Great Plains Energy). Great Plains Energy also owns Kansas City Power & Light (KCP&L), a regulated electric utility.

Basis of Accounting

The accounting records of GMO are maintained in accordance with the accounting requirements of the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC) as set forth in its applicable Uniform System of Accounts and published accounting releases. The accompanying financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting requirements of these regulators, which differ from generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). GMO classifies certain items in its accompanying Comparative Balance Sheet (primarily the components of accumulated deferred income taxes, certain miscellaneous current and accrued liabilities and current maturities of long-term debt) in a manner different than that required by GAAP. In addition, in accordance with regulatory reporting requirements, GMO accounts for its investments in majority-owned subsidiaries on the equity method rather than consolidating the assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses of these subsidiaries, as required by GAAP.

2. SUPPLEMENTAL CASH FLOW INFORMATION

Other Operating Activities

Three Months Ended March 31	2010	2009
	(millions)	
Cash flows affected by changes in:		
Pension and post-retirement benefit obligations	\$ (2.6)	\$ (0.4)
Funds on deposit	(5.1)	(7.5)
Other deferred credits	(7.3)	(6.3)
Other	0.8	2.0
Total other operating activities	\$ (14.2)	\$ (12.2)
Cash paid during the period:		
Interest	\$ 35.4	\$ 36.5
Non-cash investing activities:		
Liabilities assumed for capital expenditures	\$ 1.8	\$ 3.1

3. REGULATORY MATTERS

Regulatory Proceedings

GMO expects to file rate cases in Missouri in the second quarter of 2010 to include costs related to Iatan No. 2, upgrades to the transmission and distribution system to improve reliability and overall increased costs of service. Any authorized changes to retail rates are expected to be effective in the second quarter of 2011.

SPP and NERC Audits

In November 2009, the Southwest Power Pool, Inc. (SPP) and the North American Electric Reliability Corporation (NERC) conducted scheduled audits of GMO regarding compliance with NERC reliability and critical infrastructure protection standards. GMO has received the final audit report alleging violation of certain standards, which could result in penalties. The timing and amount of such penalties that may be proposed is unknown at this time. The SPP also conducted a compliance inquiry regarding a transmission system outage that occurred in the St. Joseph, Missouri area in

Name of Respondent	This Report is: (1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) 06/01/2010	Year/Period of Report 2010/Q1
KCP&L Greater Missouri Operations Company			
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)			

the summer of 2009. FERC and NERC are also looking into the circumstances surrounding this transmission system outage. These outage inquiries are at a preliminary stage and their outcome cannot be predicted at this time.

MPSC Regulatory Approval of the GMO Acquisition

The approval order from the Public Service Commission of the State of Missouri (MPSC) for Great Plains Energy's acquisition of GMO was received on July 1, 2008. Certain parties filed appeals and a motion to stay the order with the Cole County, Missouri, Circuit Court, which affirmed the order in June 2009. This decision has been appealed. The order remains in effect unless reversed by the courts.

GMO Missouri 2007 Rate Case Appeal

Appeals of the May 2007 MPSC order approving an approximate \$59 million increase in annual revenues were filed in July and August of 2007 with the Circuit Court of Cole County, Missouri, by the Office of Public Counsel, AG Processing, Sedalia Industrial Energy Users' Association and AARP seeking to set aside or remand the order of the MPSC. In February 2009, the Circuit Court affirmed the MPSC order. The Circuit Court's decision was affirmed by the Court of Appeals in August 2009, and the appellants have sought Missouri Supreme Court review. The order remains in effect unless reversed by the courts.

Regulatory Assets and Liabilities

GMO's regulatory assets and liabilities are detailed in the following table.

	March 31 2010	December 31 2009
Regulatory Assets	(millions)	
Taxes recoverable through future rates	\$ 25.5	\$ 25.5
Asset retirement obligations	12.1	11.9
Pension and post-retirement costs	87.2 (a)	84.5
Deferred customer programs	8.7	7.1
Rate case expenses	1.7 (b)	1.5
Under-recovery of energy costs	48.1 (b)	47.5
Acquisition transition costs	22.4 (c)	22.2
St. Joseph Light & Power acquisition	2.9 (d)	3.1
Storm damage	4.4 (e)	4.8
Derivative instruments	6.2 (f)	2.1
Iatan No. 1 and Common facilities depreciation and carrying costs	2.1 (c)	1.4
Other	0.8 (g)	0.8
Total	\$ 222.1	\$ 212.4
Regulatory Liabilities		
Emission allowances	\$ 0.7	\$ 0.8
Taxes refundable through future rates	2.5	2.6
Pension	33.8	34.0
Other	14.0	13.6
Total	\$ 51.0	\$ 51.0

(a) Represents financial and regulatory accounting method differences not included in rate base that will be eliminated over the life of the pension plans.

(b) Not included in rate base and amortized over various periods.

(c) Not included in rate base.

(d) Not included in rate base and amortized through 2015.

(e) Not included in rate base and amortized through 2012.

(f) Represents the fair value of derivative instruments for commodity contracts. Settlements of the contracts are

Name of Respondent	This Report is: (1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) 06/01/2010	Year/Period of Report 2010/Q1
KCP&L Greater Missouri Operations Company			
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)			

recognized in fuel expense and included in GMO's fuel adjustment clause (FAC).

(g) Certain insignificant items are not included in rate base and amortized over various periods.

4. PENSION PLANS AND OTHER EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

Great Plains Energy maintains defined benefit pension plans for substantially all active and inactive employees, including officers, of its subsidiaries and incurs significant costs in providing the plans. Pension benefits under these plans reflect the employees' compensation, years of service and age at retirement.

GMO records pension expense in accordance with rate orders from the MPSC that allow the difference between pension costs under GAAP and pension costs for ratemaking to be recognized as a regulatory asset or liability. This difference between financial and regulatory accounting methods is due to timing and will be eliminated over the life of the pension plans.

In addition to providing pension benefits, Great Plains Energy provides certain post-retirement health care and life insurance benefits for substantially all retired employees of its subsidiaries. The cost of post-retirement benefits charged to GMO is accrued during an employee's years of service and recovered through rates.

The following table provides Great Plains Energy's components of net periodic benefit costs prior to the effects of capitalization and sharing with joint-owners of power plants.

Three Months Ended March 31	Pension Benefits		Other Benefits	
	2010	2009	2010	2009
Components of net periodic benefit costs	(millions)			
Service cost	\$ 7.6	\$ 7.3	\$ 0.9	\$ 1.0
Interest cost	12.3	11.8	2.2	2.1
Expected return on plan assets	(9.1)	(8.0)	(0.5)	(0.4)
Prior service cost	1.2	1.0	1.8	1.0
Recognized net actuarial loss	9.3	9.1	-	0.1
Transition obligation	-	-	0.3	0.3
Net periodic benefit costs before regulatory adjustment	21.3	21.2	4.7	4.1
Regulatory adjustment	(8.4)	(3.9)	-	-
Net periodic benefit costs	\$ 12.9	\$ 17.3	\$ 4.7	\$ 4.1

For the three months ended March 31, 2010, Great Plains Energy contributed \$4.5 million to the pension plans and expects to contribute an additional \$60.3 million in 2010 to satisfy the ERISA funding requirements and the MPSC and KCC rate orders, the majority of which is expected to be paid by KCP&L.

On March 23, 2010, President Obama signed into law The Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act, a comprehensive health care reform bill. Management expects a minimal impact as a result of this new legislation in the short-term but will continue to monitor for any long-term impacts.

5. SHORT-TERM BORROWINGS AND SHORT-TERM BANK LINES OF CREDIT

GMO's \$400 million revolving credit facility with a group of banks expires in September 2011. A default by GMO, Great Plains Energy or any of its significant subsidiaries on other indebtedness totaling more than \$25.0 million is a default under the facility. Under the terms of this agreement, GMO is required to maintain a consolidated indebtedness to

Name of Respondent	This Report is: (1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) 06/01/2010	Year/Period of Report 2010/Q1
KCP&L Greater Missouri Operations Company			
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)			

consolidated capitalization ratio, as defined in the agreement, not greater than 0.65 to 1.00 at all times. At March 31, 2010, GMO was in compliance with this covenant. At March 31, 2010, GMO had \$283.0 million of outstanding cash borrowings with a weighted-average interest rate of 1.50%, and had issued letters of credit totaling \$16.2 million under the credit facility. At December 31, 2009, GMO had \$232.0 million of outstanding cash borrowings with a weighted-average interest rate of 1.50%, and had issued letters of credit totaling \$13.2 million under the credit facility.

6. LONG-TERM DEBT

GMO's long-term debt is detailed in the following table.

	Year Due	March 31 2010	December 31 2009
(millions)			
First Mortgage Bonds			
9.44% Series	2011-2021	\$ 12.4	\$ 13.5
Pollution Control Bonds			
5.85% SJLP Pollution Control	2013	5.6	5.6
0.249% * Wamego Series 1996	2026	7.3	7.3
1.545% * State Environmental 1993	2028	5.0	5.0
Senior Notes			
7.95% Series	2011	137.3	137.3
7.75% Series	2011	197.0	197.0
11.875% Series	2012	500.0	500.0
8.27% Series	2021	80.9	80.9
Fair Value Adjustment		75.9	84.5
Medium Term Notes			
7.16% Series	2013	6.0	6.0
7.33% Series	2023	3.0	3.0
7.17% Series	2023	7.0	7.0
Total		\$ 1,037.4	\$ 1,047.1

* Variable rate

Fair Value of Long-Term Debt

Fair value of long-term debt is based on quoted market prices, with the incremental borrowing rate for similar debt used to determine fair value if quoted market prices were not available. At March 31, 2010, the book value and fair value of GMO's long-term debt, including current maturities, was \$1,037.4 million and \$1,078.0 million, respectively. At December 31, 2009, the book value and fair value of GMO's long-term debt, including current maturities, was \$1,047.1 million and \$1,075.1 million, respectively.

7. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Environmental Matters

GMO is subject to extensive regulation by federal, state and local authorities with regard to environmental matters primarily through its utility operations. In addition to imposing extensive and continuing compliance obligations, laws, regulations and permits authorize the imposition of substantial penalties for noncompliance, including fines, injunctive relief and other sanctions. The cost of complying with current and future environmental requirements is expected to be material to GMO. Failure to comply with environmental requirements or to timely recover environmental costs through rates could have a material adverse effect on GMO.

The following discussion groups environmental and certain associated matters into the broad categories of air and climate change, water, solid waste and remediation.

Name of Respondent	This Report is: (1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) 06/01/2010	Year/Period of Report 2010/Q1
KCP&L Greater Missouri Operations Company			
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)			

Air and Climate Change

The Clean Air Act and associated regulations enacted by the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) form a comprehensive program to preserve air quality. States are required to establish regulations and programs to address all requirements of the Clean Air Act and have the flexibility to enact more stringent requirements. All of GMO's generating facilities, and certain of their other facilities, are subject to the Clean Air Act.

GMO's current estimate of capital expenditures (exclusive of AFUDC and property taxes) to comply with the currently effective Clean Air Interstate Rule (CAIR) and with the best available retrofit technology (BART) rule is approximately \$0.2 billion. As discussed below, CAIR has been remanded to the EPA, but remains in effect until the EPA issues rules consistent with the court's order or until the court takes further action. It is not possible to predict what rules the EPA may issue as a result of this remand, when the rules may be issued, or the costs associated with such rules. The actual cost of compliance with any future rules, and with BART, may be significantly different from the cost estimate provided. The estimated capital costs do not reflect potential costs relating to requirements enacted in the future, including potential requirements regarding climate change and control of mercury emissions (discussed below), and also do not reflect costs that may be required under the Missouri renewable energy standard, which is discussed below. The estimate does not reflect the non-capital costs GMO incurs on an ongoing basis to comply with environmental laws, which may increase in the future due to GMO's ongoing compliance with current or future environmental laws. GMO expects to seek recovery of the costs associated with environmental requirements through rate increases; however, there can be no assurance that such rate increases would be granted. GMO may be subject to materially adverse rate treatment in response to competitive, economic, political, legislative, public perception of GMO's environmental reputation and regulatory pressures.

Clean Air Interstate Rule (CAIR)

The CAIR requires reductions in SO₂ and NO_x emissions in 28 states, including Missouri. The reduction in both SO₂ and NO_x emissions is set to be accomplished through establishment of permanent statewide caps for NO_x effective January 1, 2009, and SO₂ effective January 1, 2010. More restrictive caps are scheduled to become effective January 1, 2015. GMO's fossil fuel-fired plants located in Missouri are subject to CAIR.

On July 11, 2008, the D.C. Circuit Court of Appeals vacated CAIR in its entirety and remanded the matter to the EPA to promulgate a new rule consistent with its opinion. On December 23, 2008, the Court issued an order remanding CAIR to the EPA to revise the rule consistent with its July 2008 order. The CAIR thus remains in effect pending future EPA or court action.

The EPA's future revisions to CAIR could result in a rule that requires greater emission reductions, imposes an earlier compliance deadline, changes or eliminates the NO_x fuel factor adjustment, includes additional states, does not allow for emissions reductions to be obtained through interstate allowance trading or the use of the Acid Rain Program SO₂ allowances, or imposes other requirements not yet known. GMO cannot predict the outcome of the EPA's revisions to CAIR, but such revisions could have a significant effect on GMO's results of operations, financial position and cash flows.

CAIR currently establishes a market-based cap-and-trade program with an emission allowance allocation. Facilities demonstrate compliance with CAIR by holding sufficient allowances for each ton of SO₂ and NO_x emitted in any given year. GMO is currently allowed to utilize unused SO₂ emission allowances that it has either accumulated during previous years of the Acid Rain Program or purchased to meet the more stringent CAIR requirements. At March 31, 2010, GMO had accumulated unused SO₂ emission allowances sufficient to support just over 25,000 tons of SO₂ emissions (enough to support expected requirements under the current CAIR

Name of Respondent	This Report is: (1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) 06/01/2010	Year/Period of Report 2010/Q1
KCP&L Greater Missouri Operations Company			
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)			

through 2011), which it has received under the Acid Rain Program or purchased, which are recorded in inventory at average cost. GMO purchases NO_x allowances as needed.

In 2009, KCP&L completed environmental upgrades at Iatan No. 1 for compliance with the current CAIR rule. GMO has an 18% interest in Iatan No. 1. Analysis of the current CAIR rule indicates that NO_x and SO₂ control may be required for GMO's Sibley and Lake Road Stations in Missouri, and control may be achieved through a combination of pollution control equipment and the use or purchase of emission allowances as needed. GMO is continuing to evaluate compliance options in light of developing potential legislative and regulatory environmental requirements.

Best Available Retrofit Technology Rule (BART)

The EPA BART rule directs state air quality agencies to identify whether visibility-reducing emissions from sources subject to BART are below limits set by the state or whether retrofit measures are needed to reduce emissions. BART applies to specific eligible facilities including KCP&L's Iatan No. 1, in which GMO has an 18% interest, and GMO's Sibley Unit No. 3 and Lake Road Unit No. 6 in Missouri and Westar Energy, Inc. (Westar)'s Jeffrey Unit Nos. 1 and 2 in Kansas, in which GMO has an 8% interest. Initially, in Missouri, compliance with CAIR will be compliance with BART for individual sources. Neither Missouri nor Kansas has received EPA approval for their BART plans.

Mercury Emissions

In January 2009, the EPA issued a memorandum stating that new electric steam generating units (EGUs) that began construction while the Clean Air Mercury Rule (CAMR) was effective are subject to a new source maximum achievable control technology (MACT) determination on a case-by-case basis.

In July 2009, the EPA sent letters notifying KCP&L that MACT determinations and schedules of compliance are required for coal and oil-fired EGUs that began actual construction or reconstruction after December 15, 2000, and identified Iatan No. 2, in which GMO has an 18% interest, as an affected EGU. This was an outcome of the D.C. Court of Appeals' vacatur of both the CAMR and the contemporaneously promulgated rule removing EGUs from MACT requirements. It is not currently known how MACT determinations and schedules of compliance will impact the permitting or operating requirements for this unit, but it is possible a MACT determination may ultimately require additional emission control equipment and permit limits at Iatan No. 2.

In April 2010, the EPA, in a court approved settlement, agreed to develop MACT standards for mercury and potentially other hazardous air pollutant emissions. In the settlement agreement, the EPA agreed to propose MACT standards in March 2011 with final standards by November 2011. These MACT standards, if adopted, could impact GMO's new and existing facilities.

The estimated required environmental expenditures of approximately \$0.2 billion to comply with CAIR and BART, discussed above, do not reflect any amounts for compliance with MACT determinations and future MACT standards because management cannot predict the outcome of further judicial, administrative or regulatory actions or its financial or operational effects on GMO. However, such actions could have a significant effect on GMO's results of operations, financial position and cash flows. Some of the control technology for SO₂ and NO_x could also aid in the control of mercury.

Industrial Boiler Rule

In April 2010, the EPA issued a proposed rule that would set MACT standards for hazardous air pollutants from industrial boilers. The proposed rule would establish emission limits for GMO's new and existing units that produce steam but not for the generation of electricity. This proposed rule does not apply to GMO's electrical

Name of Respondent	This Report is: (1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) 06/01/2010	Year/Period of Report 2010/Q1
KCP&L Greater Missouri Operations Company			
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)			

generating boilers. Until a rule is finalized, the financial and operational impacts to GMO cannot be determined.

New Source Review

The Clean Air Act requires companies to obtain permits and, if necessary, install control equipment to reduce emissions when making a major modification or a change in operation if either is expected to cause a significant net increase in regulated emissions.

In January 2004, Westar received notification from the EPA alleging that it had violated new source review requirements and Kansas environmental regulations by making modifications to the Jeffrey Energy Center without obtaining the proper permits. The Jeffrey Energy Center consists of three coal-fired units located in Kansas that is 92% owned by Westar and operated exclusively by Westar. GMO has an 8% interest in the Jeffrey Energy Center and is generally responsible for its 8% share of the facility’s operating costs and capital expenditures. In February 2009, the Attorney General of the United States filed a complaint against Westar alleging that it violated the Clean Air Act and related federal and state regulations by making major modifications to the Jeffrey Energy Center beginning in 1994 without first obtaining appropriate permits authorizing this construction and without installing and operating best available control technology to control emissions. In January 2010, Westar entered into a settlement agreement, which was approved by the court in March 2010. The settlement agreement requires, among other things, the installation of a selective catalytic reduction (SCR) system at one of the Jeffrey Energy Center units by the end of 2014 and the payment of a \$3 million civil penalty. Depending on the NO_x emission reductions attained by that SCR and attainable through the installation of other controls at the other two units, the settlement agreement requires the installation of a second SCR system on one of the other two units by the end of 2016. Westar has estimated that if both SCRs are required, the total capital cost could be up to approximately \$500 million. There is no assurance that GMO’s share of these costs would be recovered in rates and failure to recover such costs could have a significant adverse effect on GMO’s results of operations, financial position and cash flows.

Climate Change

Management believes it is likely that additional federal or relevant state or local laws or regulations could be enacted to address global climate change. At the international level, while the United States is not a current party to the Kyoto Protocol, it has agreed to undertake certain voluntary actions under the non-binding Copenhagen Accord, including the establishment of a goal to reduce greenhouse gas emissions. International agreements legally binding on the United States may be reached in the future. Such laws or regulations could mandate requirements to control or reduce the emission of greenhouse gases, such as CO₂, which are created in the combustion of fossil fuels. GMO’s current generation capacity is primarily coal-fired and is estimated to produce about one ton of CO₂ per MWh, or approximately 6 million tons per year for GMO. Laws have recently been passed in Missouri, the state in which GMO’s retail electric business operates, setting renewable energy standards, and management believes that national renewable energy standards are also likely. While management believes additional requirements addressing these matters will probably be enacted, the timing, provisions and impact of such requirements, including the cost to obtain and install new equipment to achieve compliance, cannot be reasonably estimated at this time. In addition, certain federal courts have held that state and local governments and private parties have standing to bring climate change tort suits seeking company-specific emission reductions and monetary or other damages. While GMO is not a party to any climate change tort suit, there is no assurance that such suits may not be filed in the future or the outcome if such suits are filed. Such requirements or litigation outcomes could have the potential for a significant financial and operational impact on GMO. GMO would seek recovery of capital costs and expenses for compliance through rate increases; however, there can be no assurance that such rate increases would be granted.

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KCP&L Greater Missouri Operations Company			
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)			

Legislation concerning the reduction of emissions of greenhouse gases, including CO₂, is being considered at the federal and state levels, and some initial steps toward definitive regulation have been taken, all with various compliance dates and reduction strategies. Greenhouse gas regulation has the potential of having significant financial and operational impacts on GMO, including with respect to achieving compliance with limits that may be established. However, the ultimate financial and operational consequences to GMO cannot be determined until legislation is passed or regulations enacted. Management will continue to monitor the progress of relevant bills and regulations.

The American Clean Energy and Security Act of 2009 (House Bill) passed the U.S. House of Representatives in June 2009. The House Bill would establish a 20% renewable electricity standard (Federal RES) by 2020, starting with an initial 6% requirement by 2012. The House Bill would also establish a greenhouse gas cap and trade program, requiring GMO and other affected entities to comply by surrendering allowances or offsets for each ton of greenhouse gas emitted. The number of allowances would be initially set and then reduced over time, with the projected effect of reducing greenhouse gas emissions below 2005 levels by 3%, 17%, 42%, and 83% by 2012, 2020, 2030, and 2050, respectively. In addition, the House Bill would establish CO₂ emission performance standards for new coal-fired units that receive an initial permit after January 1, 2009. In September 2009, the Senate Environmental and Public Works Committee voted out the Clean Energy Jobs and American Power Act (Senate Bill). The Senate Bill closely mirrors many elements of the House Bill, but differs in respects as well. The Senate Bill features a more aggressive 20% reduction target by 2020 from 2005 levels compared to the House Bill.

Both the House and Senate Bills are complex, and there are many aspects of the Bills that cannot be reasonably estimated, including the availability and price of allowances and offsets in the market to be established by the Bills. It is also not possible to reasonably project the provisions of greenhouse gas legislation that may ultimately be enacted by Congress. The level of uncertainty regarding the prospects for these Bills has increased in recent months, and no legislation or substantially different legislation may be enacted. Subject to these qualifications and uncertainties and assuming the House Bill becomes law and there is no change in operations, management currently projects that GMO would be allocated up to approximately 50% fewer allowances than needed to cover its projected 2012 CO₂ emissions. GMO would be required to reduce emissions, purchase allowances or offsets, or a combination of both. GMO would seek recovery of compliance costs in rates; however, there is no assurance regarding the timing or amount of compliance costs recovery. The ultimate annual cost of compliance with the Federal RES and the cap and trade program cannot be reasonably estimated at this time, but could be in an initial range of about \$100 million to \$200 million for GMO. As the number of allowances is reduced, and the Federal RES increases over time, the costs and resulting electric rates would increase as well. Additional greenhouse gas bills may be introduced in Congress, but the provisions of any legislation that may be enacted, including when and to what extent such legislation will regulate CO₂ emissions, cannot be determined at this time.

Even if there are no new Congressional mandates, the EPA is proceeding with the regulation of greenhouse gases under the existing Clean Air Act. In April 2010, the EPA finalized greenhouse gas emission standards for light-duty vehicles. These are the first-ever national greenhouse gas emission standards under the Clean Air Act.

In March 2010, the EPA completed its reconsideration of the 2008 interpretative memorandum that addressed when the Clean Air Act Federal Prevention of Significant Deterioration (PSD) program would cover a pollutant, including greenhouse gases such as CO₂. The EPA affirmed the interpretative memorandum's position that PSD permitting applicability for stationary sources such as GMO's generating facilities is not triggered for a pollutant such as CO₂ until a final nationwide rule requires actual control of emissions of the pollutant. The EPA

Name of Respondent	This Report is: (1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) 06/01/2010	Year/Period of Report 2010/Q1
KCP&L Greater Missouri Operations Company			
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)			

interprets that PSD permitting requirements are triggered when the control requirement of the nationwide rule takes effect. The EPA further explained that occurs when the first national rule regulating greenhouse gas takes effect. The rule limiting greenhouse gas emissions for light-duty vehicles will trigger these requirements in January 2011, the earliest date that 2012 vehicles meeting the standards can be sold in the United States. In addition, the EPA explained that this interpretation applies to Title V permitting as well.

In September 2009, the EPA announced a proposed rule that focuses on large facilities emitting over 25,000 tons of greenhouse gas emissions per year. The proposed rule would establish new thresholds for greenhouse gas emissions, defining when Clean Air Act permits under the New Source Review and Title V operating permits programs would be required for new or existing industrial facilities. In February 2010, the EPA announced it is also considering raising the 25,000 tons of greenhouse gas threshold contained in the proposed rule. Most of GMO's generating facilities would be subject to the proposed New Source Review program greenhouse gas provisions. The EPA could also propose rulemaking specific to New Source Performance Standards or other programs as identified in the EPA's July 2008 advanced notice of proposed rulemaking on the ramifications of regulating greenhouse gas emissions under the Clean Air Act. These proposed and potential rules may ultimately regulate greenhouse gas emissions, which may include such emissions from GMO's facilities.

At the state level, a Missouri law enacted in November 2008 requires at least 2% of the electricity provided by Missouri investor-owned utilities (including GMO) to its Missouri retail customers to come from renewable resources, including wind, solar, biomass and hydropower, by 2011, increasing to 5% in 2014, 10% in 2018, and 15% in 2021, with a small portion (estimated to be about 2MW for GMO in 2011) required to come from solar resources. Regulations implementing these laws are being drafted by the MPSC, and the ultimate impacts on GMO cannot be reasonably estimated at this time. Subject to the final MPSC regulations, GMO expects that its existing renewable resources will achieve compliance with the Missouri standards until 2014, except for the solar resources requirement. GMO issued a request for proposals for solar resources, and is evaluating the responses.

Ozone NAAQS

In June 2007, monitor data indicated that the Kansas City area violated the 1997 primary eight-hour ozone national ambient air quality standard (NAAQS). Missouri has implemented the responses established in the maintenance plans for control of ozone. The responses in both states do not require additional controls at GMO's generation facilities beyond the currently proposed controls for CAIR and BART. The EPA has various options over and above the implementation of the maintenance plans for control of ozone to address the violation but has not yet acted. At this time, management is unable to predict how the EPA will respond or how that response will impact GMO's operations. However, the EPA's response could have a significant effect on GMO's results of operations, financial position and cash flows.

In March 2008, the EPA significantly strengthened its NAAQS for ground-level ozone. The EPA revised the primary eight-hour ozone standard, designed to protect public health, to a level of 0.075 parts per million (ppm). The EPA also strengthened the secondary eight-hour ozone standard to the level of 0.075 ppm making it identical to the revised primary standard. The previous primary and secondary standards, set in 1997, were effectively 0.084 ppm.

In March 2009, the MDNR and Kansas Department of Health and Environment (KDHE) submitted to the EPA their determinations that the Kansas City area is a nonattainment area under the 2008 primary eight-hour ozone standard. The EPA will make final designations of attainment and nonattainment areas. By 2013, states must submit state implementation plans outlining how states will reduce ozone to meet the standards in nonattainment areas. Although the impact on GMO's operations will not be known until after the final nonattainment designations and the state implementation plans are submitted, it could have a significant effect on GMO's

Name of Respondent	This Report is: (1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) 06/01/2010	Year/Period of Report 2010/Q1
KCP&L Greater Missouri Operations Company			
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)			

results of operations, financial position and cash flows.

In January 2010, the EPA proposed to reconsider and further strengthen the 2008 NAAQS for ground-level ozone. The EPA proposed to strengthen the primary eight-hour ozone standard to a level within the range of 0.060-0.070 ppm. The EPA also proposed to establish a distinct cumulative, seasonal secondary standard, designed to protect sensitive vegetation and ecosystems, to within the range of 7-15 ppm-hours.

SO₂ NAAQS

In November 2009, the EPA proposed to strengthen the NAAQS for SO₂. The EPA is proposing to revise the primary SO₂ standard to a level between 0.050 and 0.100 ppm measured over 1-hour. The existing primary standards were 0.140 ppm measured over 24-hours and 0.030 ppm measured over an entire year. The EPA also is taking comment on alternative levels for the 1-hour standard up to 0.150 ppm. Although the impact on GMO's operations will not be known until after the final rules are promulgated, nonattainment designations approved and the state implementation plans submitted, it could have a significant effect on GMO's results of operations, financial position and cash flows.

Water

The Clean Water Act and associated regulations enacted by the EPA form a comprehensive program to preserve water quality. Like the Clean Air Act, states are required to establish regulations and programs to address all requirements of the Clean Water Act, and have the flexibility to enact more stringent requirements. All of GMO's generating facilities, and certain of their other facilities, are subject to the Clean Water Act.

Section 316(b) of the Clean Water Act is designed to protect aquatic life from being killed or injured by cooling water intake structures. The EPA had previously issued regulations pursuant to Section 316(b) of the Clean Water Act regarding cooling water intake structures. Subsequent to an appellate court ruling, the EPA suspended the regulations and is engaged in further rulemaking on this matter. At this time, management is unable to predict how the EPA will respond or how that response will impact GMO's operations.

KCP&L holds a permit from the MDNR covering water discharge from its Hawthorn Station. The permit authorizes KCP&L, among other things, to withdraw water from the Missouri river for cooling purposes and return the heated water to the Missouri river. KCP&L has applied for a renewal of this permit and the EPA has submitted an interim objection letter regarding the allowable amount of heat that can be contained in the returned water. Until this matter is resolved, KCP&L continues to operate under its current permit. KCP&L cannot predict the outcome of this matter; however, while less significant outcomes are possible, this matter may require KCP&L to reduce its generation at Hawthorn Station, install cooling towers or both, any of which could have a significant impact on KCP&L. The outcome could also affect the terms of water permit renewals at KCP&L's Iatan Station and at GMO's Sibley and Lake Road Stations.

In September 2009, the EPA announced plans to revise the existing standards for water discharges from coal-fired power plants. Until a rule is proposed and finalized, the financial and operational impacts to GMO cannot be determined.

Solid Waste

Solid and hazardous waste generation, storage, transportation, treatment and disposal is regulated at the federal and state levels under various laws and regulations. In May 2010, the EPA proposed to regulate coal combustion residuals (CCRs) under the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) to address the risks from the disposal of CCRs generated from the combustion of coal at electric utilities. The EPA is considering two options in this proposal. Under the first proposal, the EPA would regulate CCRs as special wastes subject to regulation under subtitle C of RCRA, when they are destined for disposal in landfills or surface impoundments. Under the second proposal, the EPA would regulate disposal of CCRs under subtitle D of RCRA. GMO principally uses coal in generating electricity and disposes of the combustion

Name of Respondent	This Report is: (1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) 06/01/2010	Year/Period of Report 2010/Q1
KCP&L Greater Missouri Operations Company			
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)			

products in both on-site facilities and facilities owned by third parties. The proposed CCR rule has the potential of having a significant financial and operational impact on GMO in connection with achieving compliance with the requirements proposed. However, the financial and operational consequences to GMO cannot be determined until an option is selected by the EPA and the final regulation is enacted.

Remediation

Certain federal and state laws, including the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act (CERCLA) hold current and previous owners or operators of real property, and any person who arranges for the disposal or treatment of hazardous substances at a property, liable on a joint and several basis for the costs of cleaning up contamination at or migrating from such real property, even if they did not know of and were not responsible for such contamination. CERCLA and other laws also authorize the EPA and other agencies to issue orders compelling potentially responsible parties to clean up sites that are determined to present an actual or potential threat to human health or the environment. GMO is named as a potentially responsible party at two disposal sites for polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs), and retains some environmental liability for several operations and investments it no longer owns. In addition, GMO also owns, or has acquired liabilities from companies that once owned or operated, former manufactured gas plant (MGP) sites, which are subject to the supervision of the EPA and various state environmental agencies.

At March 31, 2010, and December 31, 2009, GMO had \$2.0 million accrued for the future investigation and remediation of certain additional GMO identified MGP sites, PCB sites and retained liabilities. This estimate was based upon review of the potential costs associated with conducting investigative and remedial actions at identified sites, as well as the likelihood of whether such actions will be necessary. This estimate could change materially after further investigation, and could also be affected by the actions of environmental agencies and the financial viability of other potentially responsible parties.

GMO has pursued recovery of remediation costs from insurance carriers and other potentially responsible parties. As a result of a settlement with an insurance carrier, approximately \$2.2 million in insurance proceeds less an annual deductible is available to GMO to recover qualified MGP remediation expenses. GMO would seek recovery of additional remediation costs and expenses through rate increases; however, there can be no assurance that such rate increases would be granted.

In January 2010, the EPA announced an advance notice of proposed rulemaking under CERCLA identifying classes of facilities for which the EPA will develop financial assurance requirements, including the electric power generation, transmission and distribution industry. The CERCLA financial assurance would be for risks associated with GMO's production, transportation, treatment, storage or disposal of CERCLA hazardous substances. The impact on GMO cannot be determined until the regulations are finalized.

In April 2010, the EPA announced an advance notice of proposed rulemaking for the use and distribution in commerce of certain PCBs, PCB items and certain other areas of the PCB regulations. The EPA is reassessing the use, distribution in commerce, marking, and storage for reuse of liquid PCBs in electric and non-electric equipment and the use of the 50 ppm level for excluded PCB products among other things. The impact on GMO cannot be determined until the regulations are finalized.

8. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

GMO Price Reporting Litigation

In response to complaints of manipulation of the California energy market, in 2002 FERC issued an order requiring net sellers of power in the California markets from October 2, 2000, through June 20, 2001, at prices above a FERC determined competitive market clearing price to make refunds to net purchasers of power in the California market during that time period. Because MPS Merchant Services, Inc., (MPS Merchant), a wholly owned subsidiary of GMO, was a net

Name of Respondent	This Report is: (1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) 06/01/2010	Year/Period of Report 2010/Q1
KCP&L Greater Missouri Operations Company			
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)			

purchaser of power during the refund period it has received approximately \$8 million in refunds. MPS Merchant estimates that it is entitled to approximately \$12 million in additional refunds under the standards FERC has used in this case. FERC has stated that interest will be applied to the refunds but the amount of interest has not yet been determined. However, various parties appealed the FERC order to the United States Court of Appeals for the Ninth Circuit seeking review of a number of issues, including changing the refund period to include periods prior to October 2, 2000. MPS Merchant was a net seller of power during the period prior to October 2, 2000. On August 2, 2006, the U.S. Court of Appeals for the Ninth Circuit issued an order finding, among other things, that FERC did not provide a sufficient justification for refusing to exercise its remedial authority under the Federal Power Act to determine whether market participants violated FERC-approved tariffs during the period prior to October 2, 2000, and imposing a remedy for any such violations. The court remanded the matter to FERC to determine whether tariff violations occurred and, if so, the appropriate remedy. In March 2008, FERC issued an order declining to order refunds for the period prior to October 2, 2000. That order has been appealed to the U.S. Court of Appeals for the Ninth Circuit. If FERC ultimately includes that period, MPS Merchant could be found to owe refunds.

FERC initiated a docket, generally referred to as the Pacific Northwest refund proceeding, to determine if any refunds were warranted related to the potential impact of the California market issues on buyers in the Pacific Northwest between December 25, 2000, and June 20, 2001. FERC rejected the refund requests, but its decision was remanded by the Court of Appeals for FERC to consider whether any acts of market manipulation support the imposition of refunds. Claims against MPS Merchant total \$5.1 million.

On October 6, 2006, the MPSC filed suit in the Circuit Court of Jackson County, Missouri against 18 companies, including GMO and MPS Merchant alleging that the companies manipulated natural gas prices through the misreporting of natural gas trade data and, therefore, violated Missouri antitrust laws. The suit does not specify alleged damages and was filed on behalf of all local distribution gas companies in Missouri who bought and sold natural gas from June 2000 to October 2002. The defendants' motions to dismiss the case were granted in January 2009. The MPSC has appealed the dismissal to the Missouri Court of Appeals for the Western District of Missouri. In December 2009, the court affirmed the dismissal and the MPSC filed a request for rehearing or, in the alternative, transfer to the Missouri Supreme Court. The Supreme Court accepted the transfer in April 2010.

The ultimate outcome of these matters cannot be predicted.

9. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS AND RELATIONSHIPS

GMO has no employees of its own. KCP&L employees manage GMO's business and operate its facilities at cost. These costs totaled \$27.1 million and \$25.0 million, respectively, for the three months ended March 31, 2010 and 2009. Additionally, KCP&L and GMO engage in wholesale electricity transactions with each other. GMO is also authorized to participate in the Great Plains Energy money pool, an internal financing arrangement in which funds may be lent on a short-term basis to GMO. At March 31, 2010, and December 31, 2009, GMO had a \$5.1 million and \$26.4 million, respectively, net payable to KCP&L.

10. DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS

The Company is exposed to a variety of market risks including commodity prices. Management has established risk management policies and strategies to reduce the potentially adverse effects that the volatility of the markets may have on the Company's operating results. Commodity risk management activities, including the use of certain derivative instruments, are subject to the management, direction and control of an internal risk management committee. Management maintains commodity price risk management strategies that use derivative instruments to reduce the effects of fluctuations in fuel expense caused by commodity price volatility. Counterparties to commodity derivatives expose the Company to credit loss in the event of nonperformance. This credit loss is limited to the cost of replacing these contracts

Name of Respondent	This Report is: (1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) 06/01/2010	Year/Period of Report 2010/Q1
KCP&L Greater Missouri Operations Company			
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)			

at current market rates. Derivative instruments, excluding those instruments that qualify for the normal purchase normal sale election, which are accounted for by accrual accounting, are recorded on the balance sheet at fair value as an asset or liability. Changes in the fair value of derivative instruments are recorded to a regulatory asset or liability consistent with MPSC regulatory orders, as discussed below.

The Company has posted collateral, in the normal course of business, for the aggregate fair value of all derivative instruments with credit risk-related contingent features that are in a liability position. If the credit risk-related contingent features underlying these agreements were triggered, GMO would be required to post an insignificant amount of collateral to its counterparties.

GMO's risk management policy is to use derivative instruments to mitigate price exposure to natural gas price volatility in the market. The fair value of the portfolio relates to financial contracts that will settle against actual purchases of natural gas and purchased power. At March 31, 2010, GMO had financial contracts in place to hedge approximately 61% and 14% of the expected on-peak natural gas and natural gas equivalent purchased power price exposure for the remainder of 2010 and 2011, respectively. In connection with GMO's 2005 Missouri electric rate case, it was agreed that the settlement costs of these contracts would be recognized in fuel expense. The settlement costs are included in GMO's FAC. A regulatory asset has been recorded to reflect the change in the timing of recognition authorized by the MPSC. To the extent that recovery of actual costs incurred is allowed, amounts will not impact earnings, but will impact cash flows due to the timing of the recovery mechanism.

The notional and recorded fair values of GMO's open positions for derivative instruments are summarized in the following table. The fair values of these derivatives are recorded on the balance sheets. The fair values below are gross values before netting agreements and netting of cash collateral.

	March 31 2010		December 31 2009	
	Notional Contract Amount	Fair Value	Notional Contract Amount	Fair Value
	(millions)			
Futures contracts				
Non-hedging derivatives	\$ 24.8	\$ (5.5)	\$ 29.8	\$ (0.9)

The fair value of GMO's open derivative positions are summarized in the following table. The table contains derivative instruments not designated as hedging instruments (non-hedging derivatives) under GAAP. GMO currently has no derivative instruments designated as hedging instruments. The fair values below are gross values before netting agreements and netting of cash collateral.

	Balance Sheet Classification	Asset Derivatives Fair Value	Liability Derivatives Fair Value
(millions)			
March 31, 2010			
Derivatives Not Designated as Hedging Instruments			
Commodity contracts	Derivative instruments	\$ 0.4	\$ 5.9
December 31, 2009			
Derivatives Not Designated as Hedging Instruments			
Commodity contracts	Derivative instruments	\$ 0.7	\$ 1.6

The following table summarizes the amount of gain (loss) recognized in a regulatory balance sheet account or earnings

Name of Respondent	This Report is: (1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) 06/01/2010	Year/Period of Report 2010/Q1
KCP&L Greater Missouri Operations Company			
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)			

for GMO utility commodity hedges. GMO utility commodity derivatives fair value changes are recorded to either a regulatory asset or liability consistent with MPSC regulatory orders.

Derivatives in Regulatory Account Relationship		Gain (Loss) Reclassified from Regulatory Account	
Three Months Ended March 31, 2010	Amount of Gain (Loss) Recognized in Regulatory Account on Derivatives (Effective Portion)	Income Statement Classification	Amount
	(millions)		(millions)
Commodity contracts	\$ (6.3)	Fuel	\$ (2.2)
Total	\$ (6.3)	Total	\$ (2.2)
Three Months Ended March 31, 2009			
Commodity contracts	\$ (11.8)	Fuel	\$ (3.1)
Total	\$ (11.8)	Total	\$ (3.1)

11. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

GAAP defines fair value as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. GAAP establishes a fair value hierarchy, which prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value into three broad categories, giving the highest priority to quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities and lowest priority to unobservable inputs. A definition of the various levels, as well as discussion of the various measurements within the levels, is as follows:

Level 1 – Unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that GMO has access to at the measurement date. Assets categorized within this level consist of GMO's various exchange traded derivative instruments and equity securities that are actively traded within GMO's SERP rabbi trust fund.

Level 2 – Market-based inputs for assets or liabilities that are observable (either directly or indirectly) or inputs that are not observable but are corroborated by market data. Assets and liabilities categorized within this level consist of debt securities within GMO's SERP rabbi trust fund.

Level 3 – Unobservable inputs, reflecting the Company's own assumptions about the assumptions market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability.

The following tables include GMO's balances of financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis at March 31, 2010, and December 31, 2009.

Name of Respondent	This Report is: (1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) 06/01/2010	Year/Period of Report 2010/Q1
KCP&L Greater Missouri Operations Company			
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)			

Description	March 31 2010	Netting ^(c)	Fair Value Measurements Using		
			Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1) (millions)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)
Assets					
Derivative instruments ^(a)	\$ -	\$ (0.4)	\$ 0.4	\$ -	\$ -
SERP rabbi trust ^(b)					
Equity securities	0.2	-	0.2	-	-
Debt securities	6.9	-	-	6.9	-
Total SERP rabbi trust	7.1	-	0.2	6.9	-
Total	7.1	(0.4)	0.6	6.9	-
Liabilities					
Derivative instruments ^(a)	-	(5.9)	5.9	-	-
Total	\$ -	\$ (5.9)	\$ 5.9	\$ -	\$ -

Description	December 31 2009	Netting ^(c)	Fair Value Measurements Using		
			Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1) (millions)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)
Assets					
Derivative instruments ^(a)	\$ -	\$ (0.7)	\$ 0.7	\$ -	\$ -
SERP rabbi trust ^(b)					
Equity securities	0.2	-	0.2	-	-
Debt securities	6.9	-	-	6.9	-
Total SERP rabbi trust	7.1	-	0.2	6.9	-
Total	7.1	(0.7)	0.9	6.9	-
Liabilities					
Derivative instruments ^(a)	-	(1.6)	1.6	-	-
Total	\$ -	\$ (1.6)	\$ 1.6	\$ -	\$ -

- (a) The fair value of derivative instruments is estimated using market quotes, over-the-counter forward priced and volatility curves and correlations among fuel prices, net of estimated credit risk.
- (b) Fair value is based on quoted market prices of the investments held by the fund and/or valuation models. The total does not include \$15.7 million and \$16.2 million at March 31, 2010, and December 31, 2009, respectively, of cash and cash equivalents, which are not subject to the fair value requirements.
- (c) Represents the difference between derivative contracts in an asset or liability position presented on a net basis by counterparty on the balance sheet where a master netting agreement exists between the Company and the counterparty. At March 31, 2010, and December 31, 2009, GMO netted \$5.5 million and \$0.9 million, respectively, of cash collateral posted with counterparties.

Name of Respondent	This Report is: (1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) 06/01/2010	Year/Period of Report 2010/Q1
KCP&L Greater Missouri Operations Company			
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)			

12. TAXES

Components of GMO's income tax expense (benefits) are detailed in the following table.

Three Months Ended March 31	2010	2009
Current income taxes	(millions)	
Federal	\$ (13.4)	\$ (3.0)
State	(1.6)	(0.5)
Total	(15.0)	(3.5)
Deferred income taxes		
Federal	17.1	(14.0)
State	2.3	(1.5)
Total	19.4	(15.5)
Investment tax credit amortization	(0.2)	(0.2)
Income tax expense (benefit)	\$ 4.2	\$ (19.2)

Income Tax Expense (Benefit) and Effective Income Tax Rates

Income tax expense (benefit) and the effective income tax rates reflected in the financial statements and the reasons for the differences from the statutory federal rates are detailed in the following table.

Three Months Ended March 31	Income Tax Expense (Benefit)		Income Tax Rate	
	2010	2009	2010	2009
	(millions)			
Federal statutory income tax	\$ 4.2	\$ (1.1)	35.0 %	35.0 %
Differences between book and tax depreciation not normalized	(0.5)	(1.2)	(4.0)	38.9
Amortization of investment tax credits	(0.2)	(0.2)	(1.5)	6.6
Federal income tax credits	-	0.1	-	1.7
State income taxes	0.5	(0.3)	3.8	8.4
Changes in uncertain tax positions, net	-	(72.0)	-	2,392.4
Valuation allowance	-	56.0	-	(1,860.9)
Equity in subsidiaries	-	(0.4)	-	13.5
Other	0.2	(0.1)	1.4	2.3
Total	\$ 4.2	\$ (19.2)	34.7 %	637.9 %

13. SEGMENTS AND RELATED INFORMATION

GMO has one reportable segment, Electric Utility. Other includes unallocated corporate charges, non-regulated operations and equity in earnings (losses) of subsidiaries. The following tables reflect summarized financial information concerning GMO's reportable segments.

Name of Respondent	This Report is: (1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) 06/01/2010	Year/Period of Report 2010/Q1
KCP&L Greater Missouri Operations Company			
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)			

Three Months Ended	Electric		Total
March 31, 2010	Utility	Other	GMO
	(millions)		
Operating revenues	\$ 171.3	\$ -	\$ 171.3
Depreciation and amortization	(18.7)	-	(18.7)
Interest charges	(14.5)	-	(14.5)
Income tax expense	(4.0)	(0.2)	(4.2)
Net income	5.7	2.1	7.8

Three Months Ended	Electric		Total
March 31, 2009	Utility	Other	GMO
	(millions)		
Operating revenues	\$ 141.7	\$ -	\$ 141.7
Depreciation and amortization	(17.3)	-	(17.3)
Interest charges	(17.1)	(0.7)	(17.8)
Income tax benefit	3.2	16.0	19.2
Net income (loss)	(1.0)	17.2	16.2

STATEMENTS OF ACCUMULATED COMPREHENSIVE INCOME, COMPREHENSIVE INCOME, AND HEDGING ACTIVITIES

1. Report in columns (b),(c),(d) and (e) the amounts of accumulated other comprehensive income items, on a net-of-tax basis, where appropriate.
2. Report in columns (f) and (g) the amounts of other categories of other cash flow hedges.
3. For each category of hedges that have been accounted for as "fair value hedges", report the accounts affected and the related amounts in a footnote.
4. Report data on a year-to-date basis.

Line No.	Item (a)	Unrealized Gains and Losses on Available-for-Sale Securities (b)	Minimum Pension Liability adjustment (net amount) (c)	Foreign Currency Hedges (d)	Other Adjustments (e)
1	Balance of Account 219 at Beginning of Preceding Year				(4,123,841)
2	Preceding Qtr/Yr to Date Reclassifications from Acct 219 to Net Income				59,246
3	Preceding Quarter/Year to Date Changes in Fair Value				
4	Total (lines 2 and 3)				59,246
5	Balance of Account 219 at End of Preceding Quarter/Year				(4,064,595)
6	Balance of Account 219 at Beginning of Current Year				(809,276)
7	Current Qtr/Yr to Date Reclassifications from Acct 219 to Net Income				51,652
8	Current Quarter/Year to Date Changes in Fair Value				
9	Total (lines 7 and 8)				51,652
10	Balance of Account 219 at End of Current Quarter/Year				(757,624)

Name of Respondent KCP&L Greater Missouri Operations Company	This Report is: (1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) 06/01/2010	Year/Period of Report 2010/Q1
FOOTNOTE DATA			

Schedule Page: 122(a)(b) Line No.: 10 Column: e

Under ASC 715 "Compensation-Retirement Benefits," unamortized prior service costs and gains/losses for the pension and other post-retirement plans are recorded to accumulated other comprehensive income.

**SUMMARY OF UTILITY PLANT AND ACCUMULATED PROVISIONS
FOR DEPRECIATION, AMORTIZATION AND DEPLETION**

Report in Column (c) the amount for electric function, in column (d) the amount for gas function, in column (e), (f), and (g) report other (specify) and in column (h) common function.

Line No.	Classification (a)	Total Company for the Current Year/Quarter Ended (b)	Electric (c)
1	Utility Plant		
2	In Service		
3	Plant in Service (Classified)	2,023,694,806	2,023,694,806
4	Property Under Capital Leases	271,030,743	271,030,743
5	Plant Purchased or Sold		
6	Completed Construction not Classified	310,223,316	310,223,316
7	Experimental Plant Unclassified		
8	Total (3 thru 7)	2,604,948,865	2,604,948,865
9	Leased to Others		
10	Held for Future Use	2,065,239	2,065,239
11	Construction Work in Progress	382,643,691	382,643,691
12	Acquisition Adjustments		
13	Total Utility Plant (8 thru 12)	2,989,657,795	2,989,657,795
14	Accum Prov for Depr, Amort, & Depl	954,260,717	954,260,717
15	Net Utility Plant (13 less 14)	2,035,397,078	2,035,397,078
16	Detail of Accum Prov for Depr, Amort & Depl		
17	In Service:		
18	Depreciation	946,796,512	946,796,512
19	Amort & Depl of Producing Nat Gas Land/Land Right		
20	Amort of Underground Storage Land/Land Rights		
21	Amort of Other Utility Plant	7,464,205	7,464,205
22	Total In Service (18 thru 21)	954,260,717	954,260,717
23	Leased to Others		
24	Depreciation		
25	Amortization and Depletion		
26	Total Leased to Others (24 & 25)		
27	Held for Future Use		
28	Depreciation		
29	Amortization		
30	Total Held for Future Use (28 & 29)		
31	Abandonment of Leases (Natural Gas)		
32	Amort of Plant Acquisition Adj		
33	Total Accum Prov (equals 14) (22,26,30,31,32)	954,260,717	954,260,717

Name of Respondent

KCP&L Greater Missouri Operations Company

This Report Is:

(1) An Original

(2) A Resubmission

Date of Report

(Mo, Da, Yr)

06/01/2010

Year/Period of Report

End of 2010/Q1

SUMMARY OF UTILITY PLANT AND ACCUMULATED PROVISIONS FOR DEPRECIATION, AMORTIZATION AND DEPLETION

Gas (d)	Other (Specify) (e)	Other (Specify) (f)	Other (Specify) (g)	Common (h)	Line No.
					1
					2
					3
					4
					5
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ELECTRIC PLANT IN SERVICE AND ACCUMULATED PROVISION FOR DEPRECIATION BY FUNCTION

1. Report below the original cost of plant in service by function. In addition to Account 101, include Account 102, and Account 106. Report in column (b) the original cost of plant in service and in column(c) the accumulated provision for depreciation and amortization by function.

Line No.	Item (a)	Plant in Service Balance at End of Quarter (b)	Accumulated Depreciation and Amortization Balance at End of Quarter (c)
1	Intangible Plant	22,784,271	4,129,226
2	Steam Production Plant	826,082,926	329,701,518
3	Nuclear Production Plant		
4	Hydraulic Production - Conventional		
5	Hydraulic Production - Pumped Storage		
6	Other Production	330,371,976	92,741,242
7	Transmission	290,802,529	104,063,887
8	Distribution	1,004,749,020	390,788,623
9	Regional Transmission and Market Operation		
10	General	130,158,143	32,836,221
11	TOTAL (Total of lines 1 through 10)	2,604,948,865	954,260,717

Transmission Service and Generation Interconnection Study Costs

1. Report the particulars (details) called for concerning the costs incurred and the reimbursements received for performing transmission service and generator interconnection studies.
2. List each study separately.
3. In column (a) provide the name of the study.
4. In column (b) report the cost incurred to perform the study at the end of period.
5. In column (c) report the account charged with the cost of the study.
6. In column (d) report the amounts received for reimbursement of the study costs at end of period.
7. In column (e) report the account credited with the reimbursement received for performing the study.

Line No.	Description (a)	Costs Incurred During Period (b)	Account Charged (c)	Reimbursements Received During the Period (d)	Account Credited With Reimbursement (e)
1	Transmission Studies				
2	None				
3					
4					
5					
6					
7					
8					
9					
10					
11					
12					
13					
14					
15					
16					
17					
18					
19					
20					
21	Generation Studies				
22	Facility Study - SPP Gen-2007-053	870	186100	870	143100
23					
24					
25					
26					
27					
28					
29					
30					
31					
32					
33					
34					
35					
36					
37					
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39					
40					

OTHER REGULATORY ASSETS (Account 182.3)

1. Report below the particulars (details) called for concerning other regulatory assets, including rate order docket number, if applicable.
2. Minor items (5% of the Balance in Account 182.3 at end of period, or amounts less than \$100,000 which ever is less), may be grouped by classes.
3. For Regulatory Assets being amortized, show period of amortization.

Line No.	Description and Purpose of Other Regulatory Assets (a)	Balance at Beginning of Current Quarter/Year (b)	Debits (c)	CREDITS		Balance at end of Current Quarter/Year (f)
				Written off During the Quarter/Year Account Charged (d)	Written off During the Period Amount (e)	
1	Jeffrey Energy Center Common Plant - Land and Other					
2	Amortize 27.5 years 06/1984 - 12/2011	131,460		426	16,432	115,028
3						
4						
5	Costs Deferred Under Electric 1989 AAO					
6	Sibley Rebuild and Western Coal Conversion					
7	Amortize 20 years 10/1990 - 10/2010	190,442		various	50,625	139,817
8						
9						
10	Costs Deferred Under Electric 1992 AAO					
11	Sibley Rebuild and Western Coal Conversion					
12	Amortize 20 years 07/1993 - 06/2013	512,893		various	36,639	476,254
13						
14						
15	Missouri Case ER-2007-0004:					
16	Deferred costs associated with the 2007					
17	electric rate case preparation and presentation					
18	to the Missouri Public Service Commission to be					
19	amortized for 3 years beginning June 1, 2007	90,322		928	54,193	36,129
20						
21						
22	Acctg. for Income Taxes - ASC 740 Impact on					
23	Rate Regulated Enterprises	25,449,298				25,449,298
24						
25						
26	Asset Retirement Obligations - ASC 410	11,934,424	213,492			12,147,916
27						
28						
29	Mark to Market Hedge	2,080,967	4,095,092			6,176,059
30						
31						
32	L&P Merger Transition Costs					
33	Amortize 10 years 03/2006 - 02/2016	3,058,459		920, 926	123,992	2,934,467
34						
35						
36	Pension & OPEB costs deferred in accordance with					
37	Missouri Case No. ER-2009-0090	84,481,303	3,302,788	various	556,128	87,227,963
38						
39						
40	Missouri Case Nos. ER-2009-0089 and HR-2009-0092:					
41	MPS and L&P electric Fuel Adjustment Clause &					
42	L&P steam Quarterly Cost Adjustment	47,518,655	624,339			48,142,994
43						
44	TOTAL	212,377,615	11,003,074		1,323,740	222,056,949

OTHER REGULATORY ASSETS (Account 182.3)

1. Report below the particulars (details) called for concerning other regulatory assets, including rate order docket number, if applicable.
2. Minor items (5% of the Balance in Account 182.3 at end of period, or amounts less than \$100,000 which ever is less), may be grouped by classes.
3. For Regulatory Assets being amortized, show period of amortization.

Line No.	Description and Purpose of Other Regulatory Assets (a)	Balance at Beginning of Current Quarter/Year (b)	Debits (c)	CREDITS		Balance at end of Current Quarter/Year (f)
				Written off During the Quarter/Year Account Charged (d)	Written off During the Period Amount (e)	
1	Missouri Case No. EU-2008-0233:					
2	Deferred costs associated with L&P ice storm damage					
3	to be amortized over 5 years beginning January 2008	4,768,309		405	397,359	4,370,950
4						
5						
6	Missouri Case No. ER-2009-0090:					
7	Deferred costs associated with the 2008					
8	electric rate case preparation and presentation					
9	to the Missouri Public Service Commission to be					
10	amortized over 2 years beginning September 1, 2009	390,177		928	58,526	331,651
11						
12						
13	Missouri Case No. EM-2007-0374:					
14	Missouri jurisdictional transition costs for Great					
15	Plains Energy's acquisition of Aquila	22,227,786	149,337			22,377,123
16						
17						
18	Missouri Case No. ER-2007-0374:					
19	Represents the deferred costs for the energy					
20	efficiency and affordability programs. Each					
21	vintage will be amortized over 10 years.	7,085,102	1,639,371	908	29,846	8,694,627
22						
23						
24	Missouri Case No. ER-2009-0090:					
25	Missouri jurisdictional difference between allowed					
26	rate base and financial costs booked for Iatan I					
27	and Iatan Common	1,380,645	672,286			2,052,931
28						
29						
30	2010 GMO electric rate case:					
31	Deferred costs associated with the 2010					
32	rate case preparation and presentation to the					
33	Missouri Public Service Commission	1,056,579	267,250			1,323,829
34						
35						
36	Missouri Case No. ER-2009-0090:					
37	Deferred 50% cost of the Economic Relief Pilot					
38	Program until the next general rate case, with					
39	cost recovery determined at that time	20,794	39,119			59,913
40						
41						
42						
43						
44	TOTAL	212,377,615	11,003,074		1,323,740	222,056,949

OTHER REGULATORY LIABILITIES (Account 254)

1. Report below the particulars (details) called for concerning other regulatory liabilities, including rate order docket number, if applicable.
2. Minor items (5% of the Balance in Account 254 at end of period, or amounts less than \$100,000 which ever is less), may be grouped by classes.
3. For Regulatory Liabilities being amortized, show period of amortization.

Line No.	Description and Purpose of Other Regulatory Liabilities (a)	Balance at Beginning of Current Quarter/Year (b)	DEBITS		Credits (e)	Balance at End of Current Quarter/Year (f)
			Account Credited (c)	Amount (d)		
1	Emission Allowance Transactions per					
2	MO Case No. ER-2007-0004	811,206	509	72,051	6,971	746,126
3						
4	Deferred Maintenance	12,431,706	Various	1,148,509	1,534,816	12,818,013
5						
6	Pension Liabilities in accordance with					
7	MO Case No. ER-2009-0090	34,031,491	Various	1,131,734	868,310	33,768,067
8						
9	Deferred Regulatory Liability-ASC 740	2,571,744	Various			2,571,744
10						
11	L&P Steam Quarterly Cost Adjustment per					
12	MO Case No. HR-2009-0092	1,121,928	456		16,835	1,138,763
13						
14						
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37						
38						
39						
40						
41	TOTAL	50,968,075		2,352,294	2,426,932	51,042,713

Name of Respondent KCP&L Greater Missouri Operations Company	This Report is: (1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) 06/01/2010	Year/Period of Report 2010/Q1
FOOTNOTE DATA			

Schedule Page: 278 Line No.: 9 Column: a

Excess taxes due to change in tax rates	\$2.3 Million
Investment tax credits	\$0.3 Million
Total	\$2.6 Million

ELECTRIC OPERATING REVENUES (Account 400)

1. The following instructions generally apply to the annual version of these pages. Do not report quarterly data in columns (c), (e), (f), and (g). Unbilled revenues and MWH related to unbilled revenues need not be reported separately as required in the annual version of these pages.
2. Report below operating revenues for each prescribed account, and manufactured gas revenues in total.
3. Report number of customers, columns (f) and (g), on the basis of meters, in addition to the number of flat rate accounts; except that where separate meter readings are added for billing purposes, one customer should be counted for each group of meters added. The -average number of customers means the average of twelve figures at the close of each month.
4. If increases or decreases from previous period (columns (c),(e), and (g)), are not derived from previously reported figures, explain any inconsistencies in a footnote.
5. Disclose amounts of \$250,000 or greater in a footnote for accounts 451, 456, and 457.2.

Line No.	Title of Account (a)	Operating Revenues Year to Date Quarterly/Annual (b)	Operating Revenues Previous year (no Quarterly) (c)
1	Sales of Electricity		
2	(440) Residential Sales	89,179,068	
3	(442) Commercial and Industrial Sales		
4	Small (or Comm.) (See Instr. 4)	52,350,624	
5	Large (or Ind.) (See Instr. 4)	15,522,297	
6	(444) Public Street and Highway Lighting	1,239,552	
7	(445) Other Sales to Public Authorities		
8	(446) Sales to Railroads and Railways		
9	(448) Interdepartmental Sales		
10	TOTAL Sales to Ultimate Consumers	158,291,541	
11	(447) Sales for Resale	5,844,501	
12	TOTAL Sales of Electricity	164,136,042	
13	(Less) (449.1) Provision for Rate Refunds		
14	TOTAL Revenues Net of Prov. for Refunds	164,136,042	
15	Other Operating Revenues		
16	(450) Forfeited Discounts	182,267	
17	(451) Miscellaneous Service Revenues	148,738	
18	(453) Sales of Water and Water Power		
19	(454) Rent from Electric Property	590,404	
20	(455) Interdepartmental Rents		
21	(456) Other Electric Revenues	5,136,005	
22	(456.1) Revenues from Transmission of Electricity of Others	1,115,188	
23	(457.1) Regional Control Service Revenues		
24	(457.2) Miscellaneous Revenues		
25			
26	TOTAL Other Operating Revenues	7,172,602	
27	TOTAL Electric Operating Revenues	171,308,644	

ELECTRIC OPERATING REVENUES (Account 400)

6. Commercial and industrial Sales, Account 442, may be classified according to the basis of classification (Small or Commercial, and Large or Industrial) regularly used by the respondent if such basis of classification is not generally greater than 1000 Kw of demand. (See Account 442 of the Uniform System of Accounts. Explain basis of classification in a footnote.)
7. See pages 108-109, Important Changes During Period, for important new territory added and important rate increase or decreases.
8. For Lines 2,4,5,and 6, see Page 304 for amounts relating to unbilled revenue by accounts.
9. Include unmetered sales. Provide details of such Sales in a footnote.

MEGAWATT HOURS SOLD		AVG.NO. CUSTOMERS PER MONTH		Line No.
Year to Date Quarterly/Annual (d)	Amount Previous year (no Quarterly) (e)	Current Year (no Quarterly) (f)	Previous Year (no Quarterly) (g)	
				1
1,077,334,047				2
				3
764,486,656				4
296,589,247				5
4,154,615				6
				7
				8
				9
2,142,564,565				10
145,062,372				11
2,287,626,937				12
				13
2,287,626,937				14

Line 12, column (b) includes \$ 0 of unbilled revenues.
 Line 12, column (d) includes 0 MWH relating to unbilled revenues

Name of Respondent KCP&L Greater Missouri Operations Company	This Report is: (1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) 06/01/2010	Year/Period of Report 2010/Q1
FOOTNOTE DATA			

Schedule Page: 300 Line No.: 17 Column: b

Line 17 (451) Miscellaneous Service Revenues: Reconnect Charges \$37,830, Collection Fees \$26,400, Non-Sufficient Funds Fee \$37,750, Diversion Trip Charges \$6,649, Temporary Meter Charges \$18,800, Excess Facilities \$19,823, Miscellaneous \$1,486

Schedule Page: 300 Line No.: 21 Column: b

Line 21 (456) Other Electric Revenues: Steam Revenue \$5,014,581, Sales Tax Timely Filing Discount \$84,518, CFSI Joint Facilities \$27,673, Spare Transformer Revenue \$9,228, Miscellaneous \$5

REGIONAL TRANSMISSION SERVICE REVENUES (Account 457.1)

1. The respondent shall report below the revenue collected for each service (i.e., control area administration, market administration, etc.) performed pursuant to a Commission approved tariff. All amounts separately billed must be detailed below.

Line No.	Description of Service (a)	Balance at End of Quarter 1 (b)	Balance at End of Quarter 2 (c)	Balance at End of Quarter 3 (d)	Balance at End of Year (e)
1	NA				
2					
3					
4					
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37					
38					
39					
40					
41					
42					
43					
44					
45					
46	TOTAL				

ELECTRIC PRODUCTION, OTHER POWER SUPPLY EXPENSES, TRANSMISSION AND DISTRIBUTION EXPENSES

Report Electric production, other power supply expenses, transmission, regional control and market operation, and distribution expenses through the reporting period.

Line No.	Account (a)	Year to Date Quarter (b)
1	1. POWER PRODUCTION AND OTHER SUPPLY EXPENSES	
2	Steam Power Generation - Operation (500-509)	40,488,407
3	Steam Power Generation - Maintenance (510-515)	5,529,701
4	Total Power Production Expenses - Steam Power	46,018,108
5	Nuclear Power Generation - Operation (517-525)	
6	Nuclear Power Generation - Maintenance (528-532)	
7	Total Power Production Expenses - Nuclear Power	
8	Hydraulic Power Generation - Operation (535-540.1)	
9	Hydraulic Power Generation - Maintenance (541-545.1)	
10	Total Power Production Expenses - Hydraulic Power	
11	Other Power Generation - Operation (546-550.1)	4,358,886
12	Other Power Generation - Maintenance (551-554.1)	1,540,147
13	Total Power Production Expenses - Other Power	5,899,033
14	Other Power Supply Expenses	
15	Purchased Power (555)	38,264,051
16	System Control and Load Dispatching (556)	407,170
17	Other Expenses (557)	900,317
18	Total Other Power Supply Expenses (line 15-17)	39,571,538
19	Total Power Production Expenses (Total of lines 4, 7, 10, 13 and 18)	91,488,679
20	2. TRANSMISSION EXPENSES	
21	Transmission Operation Expenses	
22	(560) Operation Supervision and Engineering	377,218
23	(561) Load Dispatching	3,905
24	(561.1) Load Dispatch-Reliability	
25	(561.2) Load Dispatch-Monitor and Operate Transmission System	99,558
26	(561.3) Load Dispatch-Transmission Service and Scheduling	31,277
27	(561.4) Scheduling, System Control and Dispatch Services	368,556
28	(561.5) Reliability, Planning and Standards Development	
29	(561.6) Transmission Service Studies	
30	(561.7) Generation Interconnection Studies	
31	(561.8) Reliability, Planning and Standards Development Services	49,631
32	(562) Station Expenses	21,911
33	(563) Overhead Line Expenses	47,060
34	(564) Underground Line Expenses	
35	(565) Transmission of Electricity by Others	2,679,443
36	(566) Miscellaneous Transmission Expenses	335,875
37	(567) Rents	50,154
38	(567.1) Operation Supplies and Expenses (Non-Major)	

ELECTRIC PRODUCTION, OTHER POWER SUPPLY EXPENSES, TRANSMISSION AND DISTRIBUTION EXPENSES

Report Electric production, other power supply expenses, transmission, regional control and market operation, and distribution expenses through the reporting period.

Line No.	Account (a)	Year to Date Quarter (b)
39	TOTAL Transmission Operation Expenses (Lines 22 - 38)	4,064,588
40	Transmission Maintenance Expenses	
41	(568) Maintenance Supervision and Engineering	
42	(569) Maintenance of Structures	3,401
43	(569.1) Maintenance of Computer Hardware	
44	(569.2) Maintenance of Computer Software	
45	(569.3) Maintenance of Communication Equipment	
46	(569.4) Maintenance of Miscellaneous Regional Transmission Plant	
47	(570) Maintenance of Station Equipment	134,591
48	(571) Maintenance Overhead Lines	595,734
49	(572) Maintenance of Underground Lines	359
50	(573) Maintenance of Miscellaneous Transmission Plant	
51	(574) Maintenance of Transmission Plant	
52	TOTAL Transmission Maintenance Expenses (Lines 41 - 51)	734,085
53	Total Transmission Expenses (Lines 39 and 52)	4,798,673
54	3. REGIONAL MARKET EXPENSES	
55	Regional Market Operation Expenses	
56	(575.1) Operation Supervision	
57	(575.2) Day-Ahead and Real-Time Market Facilitation	
58	(575.3) Transmission Rights Market Facilitation	
59	(575.4) Capacity Market Facilitation	
60	(575.5) Ancillary Services Market Facilitation	
61	(575.6) Market Monitoring and Compliance	
62	(575.7) Market Facilitation, Monitoring and Compliance Services	269,251
63	Regional Market Operation Expenses (Lines 55 - 62)	269,251
64	Regional Market Maintenance Expenses	
65	(576.1) Maintenance of Structures and Improvements	
66	(576.2) Maintenance of Computer Hardware	
67	(576.3) Maintenance of Computer Software	
68	(576.4) Maintenance of Communication Equipment	
69	(576.5) Maintenance of Miscellaneous Market Operation Plant	
70	Regional Market Maintenance Expenses (Lines 65-69)	
71	TOTAL Regional Control and Market Operation Expenses (Lines 63,70)	269,251
72	4. DISTRIBUTION EXPENSES	
73	Distribution Operation Expenses (580-589)	4,611,794
74	Distribution Maintenance Expenses (590-598)	3,155,333
75	Total Distribution Expenses (Lines 73 and 74)	7,767,127

ELECTRIC CUSTOMER ACCOUNTS, SERVICE, SALES, ADMINISTRATIVE AND GENERAL EXPENSES

Report the amount of expenses for customer accounts, service, sales, and administrative and general expenses year to date.

Line No.	Account (a)	Year to Date Quarter (b)
1	(901-905) Customer Accounts Expenses	4,034,549
2	(907-910) Customer Service and Information Expenses	374,771
3	(911-917) Sales Expenses	125,762
4	8. ADMINISTRATIVE AND GENERAL EXPENSES	
5	Operations	
6	920 Administrative and General Salaries	4,053,637
7	921 Office Supplies and Expenses	716,689
8	(Less) 922 Administrative Expenses Transferred-Credit	-1,772,916
9	923 Outside Services Employed	625,907
10	924 Property Insurance	347,442
11	925 Injuries and Damages	171,537
12	926 Employee Pensions and Benefits	4,927,087
13	927 Franchise Requirements	
14	928 Regulatory Commission Expenses	916,504
15	(Less) 929 Duplicate Charges-Credit	221,923
16	930.1 General Advertising Expenses	9,803
17	930.2 Miscellaneous General Expenses	561,684
18	931 Rents	616,536
19	TOTAL Operation (Total of lines 6 thru 18)	14,497,819
20	Maintenance	
21	935 Maintenance of General Plant	466,134
22	TOTAL Administrative and General Expenses (Total of lines 19 and 21)	14,963,953

TRANSMISSION OF ELECTRICITY FOR OTHERS (Account 456.1)
(Including transactions referred to as 'wheeling')

1. Report all transmission of electricity, i.e., wheeling, provided for other electric utilities, cooperatives, other public authorities, qualifying facilities, non-traditional utility suppliers and ultimate customers for the quarter.
 2. Use a separate line of data for each distinct type of transmission service involving the entities listed in column (a), (b) and (c).
 3. Report in column (a) the company or public authority that paid for the transmission service. Report in column (b) the company or public authority that the energy was received from and in column (c) the company or public authority that the energy was delivered to. Provide the full name of each company or public authority. Do not abbreviate or truncate name or use acronyms. Explain in a footnote any ownership interest in or affiliation the respondent has with the entities listed in columns (a), (b) or (c).
 4. In column (d) enter a Statistical Classification code based on the original contractual terms and conditions of the service as follows: FNO - Firm Network Service for Others, FNS - Firm Network Transmission Service for Self, LFP - "Long-Term Firm Point to Point Transmission Service, OLF - Other Long-Term Firm Transmission Service, SFP - Short-Term Firm Point to Point Transmission Reservation, NF - non-firm transmission service, OS - Other Transmission Service and AD - Out-of-Period Adjustments. Use this code for any accounting adjustments or "true-ups" for service provided in prior reporting periods. Provide an explanation in a footnote for each adjustment. See General Instruction for definitions of codes.

Line No.	Payment By (Company of Public Authority) (Footnote Affiliation) (a)	Energy Received From (Company of Public Authority) (Footnote Affiliation) (b)	Energy Delivered To (Company of Public Authority) (Footnote Affiliation) (c)	Statistical Classification (d)
1	MISSOURI (KCP&L GMOC-MOPUB):			
2	Associated Electric	KCP&L GMOC-MOPUB	Associated Electric	OS
3	City of Galt	KCP&L GMOC-MOPUB	City of Galt	FNO
4	City of Harrisonville	MO Joint Muni Elec Util Comm	City of Harrisonville	FNO
5	City of Harrisonville	MO Joint Muni Elec Util Comm	City of Harrisonville	AD
6	City of Odessa	MO Joint Muni Elec Util Comm	City of Odessa	FNO
7	City of Odessa	MO Joint Muni Elec Util Comm	City of Odessa	AD
8	Gilman City	KCP&L GMOC-MOPUB	Gilman City	FNO
9	Kansas City Power & Light	KCP&L GMOC-MOPUB	Kansas City Power & Light	OS
10	Liberal Muni Light Co	KCP&L GMOC-MOPUB	Liberal Muni Light Co	FNO
11	Osceola	KCP&L GMOC-MOPUB	Osceola	FNO
12	Rich Hill	KCP&L GMOC-MOPUB	Rich Hill	FNO
13	Southwest Power Pool	KCP&L GMOC-MOPUB	SPP	OS
14				
15				
16	MISSOURI (KCP&L GMOC-SJLP):			
17	Southwest Power Pool	KCP&L GMOC-SJLP	SPP	OS
18				
19				
20				
21				
22				
23				
24				
25				
26				
27				
28				
29				
30				
31				
32				
33				
34				
	TOTAL			

TRANSMISSION OF ELECTRICITY FOR OTHERS (Account 456)(Continued)
(Including transactions referred to as 'wheeling')

5. In column (e), identify the FERC Rate Schedule or Tariff Number, On separate lines, list all FERC rate schedules or contract designations under which service, as identified in column (d), is provided.
6. Report receipt and delivery locations for all single contract path, "point to point" transmission service. In column (f), report the designation for the substation, or other appropriate identification for where energy was received as specified in the contract. In column (g) report the designation for the substation, or other appropriate identification for where energy was delivered as specified in the contract.
7. Report in column (h) the number of megawatts of billing demand that is specified in the firm transmission service contract. Demand reported in column (h) must be in megawatts. Footnote any demand not stated on a megawatts basis and explain.
8. Report in column (i) and (j) the total megawatthours received and delivered.

FERC Rate Schedule of Tariff Number (e)	Point of Receipt (Substation or Other Designation) (f)	Point of Delivery (Substation or Other Designation) (g)	Billing Demand (MW) (h)	TRANSFER OF ENERGY		Line No.
				MegaWatt Hours Received (i)	MegaWatt Hours Delivered (j)	
						1
60	Assoc Elect Interc	Butler, Belton, Plat				2
55	City of Galt	City of Galt		1,115	1,115	3
OATT	City of Harrisonvill	Harrisonville Sub	30	26,935	26,935	4
OATT	City of Harrisonvill	Harrisonville Sub				5
OATT	City of Odessa	Odessa Sub	14	11,300	11,300	6
OATT	City of Odessa	Odessa Sub				7
56	Gilman City	Gilman City		717	717	8
20	KCPL Interconnects	Multiple				9
54	Liberal Muni Light	Liberal Muni Light		1,686	1,686	10
109	Osceola	Osceola		2,523	2,523	11
58	Rich Hill	Rich Hill		3,187	3,187	12
SPP Tariff	Multiple	Multiple				13
						14
						15
						16
SPP Tariff	Multiple	Multiple				17
						18
						19
						20
						21
						22
						23
						24
						25
						26
						27
						28
						29
						30
						31
						32
						33
						34
			44	47,463	47,463	

TRANSMISSION OF ELECTRICITY FOR OTHERS (Account 456) (Continued)
(Including transactions referred to as 'wheeling')

9. In column (k) through (n), report the revenue amounts as shown on bills or vouchers. In column (k), provide revenues from demand charges related to the billing demand reported in column (h). In column (l), provide revenues from energy charges related to the amount of energy transferred. In column (m), provide the total revenues from all other charges on bills or vouchers rendered, including out of period adjustments. Explain in a footnote all components of the amount shown in column (m). Report in column (n) the total charge shown on bills rendered to the entity Listed in column (a). If no monetary settlement was made, enter zero (11011) in column (n). Provide a footnote explaining the nature of the non-monetary settlement, including the amount and type of energy or service rendered.

10. The total amounts in columns (i) and (j) must be reported as Transmission Received and Transmission Delivered for annual report purposes only on Page 401, Lines 16 and 17, respectively.

11. Footnote entries and provide explanations following all required data.

REVENUE FROM TRANSMISSION OF ELECTRICITY FOR OTHERS

Demand Charges (\$) (k)	Energy Charges (\$) (l)	(Other Charges) (\$) (m)	Total Revenues (\$) (k+l+m) (n)	Line No.
				1
		25,186	25,186	2
		6,831	6,831	3
90,730		13,638	104,368	4
		-45,588	-45,588	5
36,028		5,790	41,818	6
		-19,988	-19,988	7
		4,277	4,277	8
		17,088	17,088	9
		11,055	11,055	10
		15,695	15,695	11
		19,157	19,157	12
		526,190	526,190	13
				14
				15
				16
		409,099	409,099	17
				18
				19
				20
				21
				22
				23
				24
				25
				26
				27
				28
				29
				30
				31
				32
				33
				34
126,758	0	988,430	1,115,188	

TRANSMISSION OF ELECTRICITY BY ISO/RTOs

1. Report in Column (a) the Transmission Owner receiving revenue for the transmission of electricity by the ISO/RTO.
2. Use a separate line of data for each distinct type of transmission service involving the entities listed in Column (a).
3. In Column (b) enter a Statistical Classification code based on the original contractual terms and conditions of the service as follows: FNO – Firm Network Service for Others, FNS – Firm Network Transmission Service for Self, LFP – Long-Term Firm Point-to-Point Transmission Service, OLF – Other Long-Term Firm Transmission Service, SFP – Short-Term Firm Point-to-Point Transmission Reservation, NF – Non-Firm Transmission Service, OS – Other Transmission Service and AD- Out-of-Period Adjustments. Use this code for any accounting adjustments or "true-ups" for service provided in prior reporting periods. Provide an explanation in a footnote for each adjustment. See General Instruction for definitions of codes.
4. In column (c) identify the FERC Rate Schedule or tariff Number, on separate lines, list all FERC rate schedules or contract designations under which service, as identified in column (b) was provided.
5. In column (d) report the revenue amounts as shown on bills or vouchers.
6. Report in column (e) the total revenues distributed to the entity listed in column (a).

Line No.	Payment Received by (Transmission Owner Name) (a)	Statistical Classification (b)	FERC Rate Schedule or Tariff Number (c)	Total Revenue by Rate Schedule or Tariff (d)	Total Revenue (e)
1	NA				
2					
3					
4					
5					
6					
7					
8					
9					
10					
11					
12					
13					
14					
15					
16					
17					
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23					
24					
25					
26					
27					
28					
29					
30					
31					
32					
33					
34					
35					
36					
37					
38					
39					
40	TOTAL				

TRANSMISSION OF ELECTRICITY BY OTHERS (Account 565)
(Including transactions referred to as "wheeling")

1. Report all transmission, i.e. wheeling or electricity provided by other electric utilities, cooperatives, municipalities, other public authorities, qualifying facilities, and others for the quarter.
2. In column (a) report each company or public authority that provided transmission service. Provide the full name of the company, abbreviate if necessary, but do not truncate name or use acronyms. Explain in a footnote any ownership interest in or affiliation with the transmission service provider. Use additional columns as necessary to report all companies or public authorities that provided transmission service for the quarter reported.
3. In column (b) enter a Statistical Classification code based on the original contractual terms and conditions of the service as follows: FNS - Firm Network Transmission Service for Self, LFP - Long-Term Firm Point-to-Point Transmission Reservations. OLF - Other Long-Term Firm Transmission Service, SFP - Short-Term Firm Point-to- Point Transmission Reservations, NF - Non-Firm Transmission Service, and OS - Other Transmission Service. See General Instructions for definitions of statistical classifications.
4. Report in column (c) and (d) the total megawatt hours received and delivered by the provider of the transmission service.
5. Report in column (e), (f) and (g) expenses as shown on bills or vouchers rendered to the respondent. In column (e) report the demand charges and in column (f) energy charges related to the amount of energy transferred. On column (g) report the total of all other charges on bills or vouchers rendered to the respondent, including any out of period adjustments. Explain in a footnote all components of the amount shown in column (g). Report in column (h) the total charge shown on bills rendered to the respondent. If no monetary settlement was made, enter zero in column (h). Provide a footnote explaining the nature of the non-monetary settlement, including the amount and type of energy or service rendered.
6. Enter "TOTAL" in column (a) as the last line.
7. Footnote entries and provide explanations following all required data.

Line No.	Name of Company or Public Authority (Footnote Affiliations) (a)	Statistical Classification (b)	TRANSFER OF ENERGY		EXPENSES FOR TRANSMISSION OF ELECTRICITY BY OTHERS			
			Magawatt-hours Received (c)	Magawatt-hours Delivered (d)	Demand Charges (\$) (e)	Energy Charges (\$) (f)	Other Charges (\$) (g)	Total Cost of Transmission (\$) (h)
1	Associated Electric	LFP			9,498			9,498
2	Entergy Elec Services	LFP			1,215,000		1,295	1,216,295
3	Kansas City Pwr & Light	NF			52,673		1,925	54,598
4	Midwest Indep Syst Oper	NF	9,915	9,915		60,277		60,277
5	Nebraska Pub Pwr Dist	LFP			831,875			831,875
6	Southwest Power Pool	NF			34,233			34,233
7	Southwest Power Pool	LFP			139,596			139,596
8	Westar Energy	NF			333,071			333,071
9								
10								
11								
12								
13								
14								
15								
16								
	TOTAL		9,915	9,915	2,615,946	60,277	3,220	2,679,443

Name of Respondent KCP&L Greater Missouri Operations Company	This Report is: (1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) 06/01/2010	Year/Period of Report 2010/Q1
FOOTNOTE DATA			

Schedule Page: 332 Line No.: 2 Column: g

Other charges include a transmission monthly fee and ancillary fees.

Schedule Page: 332 Line No.: 3 Column: a

Great Plains Energy, the parent company of Kansas City Power & Light Company, also owns all the outstanding shares of KCPL GMO and its Missouri-based electric utility assets.

Schedule Page: 332 Line No.: 3 Column: g

Other charges include a transmission monthly fee.

Depreciation, Depletion and Amortization of Electric Plant (Accts 403, 403.1, 404, and 405) (Except Amortization of Acquisition Adjustments)

1. Report the year to date amounts of depreciation expense, asset retirement cost depreciation, depletion and amortization, except amortization of acquisition adjustments for the accounts indicated and classified according to the plant functional groups described.

Line No.	Functional Classification (a)	Depreciation Expense (Account 403) (b)	Depreciation Expense for Asset Retirement Costs (Account 403.1) (c)	Amortization of Other Limited-Term Electric Plant (Account 404) (e)	Amortization of Other Electric Plant (Account 405) (e)	Total (f)
1	Intangible Plant	5,036		228,138	45,096	278,270
2	Steam Production Plant	4,225,382	15,802			4,241,184
3	Nuclear Production Plant					
4	Hydraulic Production Plant Conv					
5	Hydraulic Production Plant - Pumped Storage					
6	Other Production Plant	3,369,187	1,298			3,370,485
7	Transmission Plant	1,516,833		36,634	198,680	1,752,147
8	Distribution Plant	7,203,514		56	198,679	7,402,249
9	General Plant	1,679,333	173			1,679,506
10	Common Plant					
11	TOTAL ELECTRIC (lines 2 through 10)	17,999,285	17,273	264,828	442,455	18,723,841

AMOUNTS INCLUDED IN ISO/RTO SETTLEMENT STATEMENTS

1. The respondent shall report below the details called for concerning amounts it recorded in Account 555, Purchase Power, and Account 447, Sales for Resale, for items shown on ISO/RTO Settlement Statements. Transactions should be separately netted for each ISO/RTO administered energy market for purposes of determining whether an entity is a net seller or purchaser in a given hour. Net megawatt hours are to be used as the basis for determining whether a net purchase or sale has occurred. In each monthly reporting period, the hourly sale and purchase net amounts are to be aggregated and separately reported in Account 447, Sales for Resale, or Account 555, Purchased Power, respectively.

Line No.	Description of Item(s) (a)	Balance at End of Quarter 1 (b)	Balance at End of Quarter 2 (c)	Balance at End of Quarter 3 (d)	Balance at End of Year (e)
1	Energy				
2	Net Purchases (Account 555)	1,031,196			
3	Net Sales (Account 447)	4,597,408			
4	Transmission Rights				
5	Ancillary Services	(670,134)			
6	Other Items (list separately)				
7					
8					
9					
10					
11					
12					
13					
14					
15					
16					
17					
18					
19					
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21					
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32					
33					
34					
35					
36					
37					
38					
39					
40					
41					
42					
43					
44					
45					
46	TOTAL	4,958,470			

MONTHLY PEAKS AND OUTPUT

(1) (1) Report the monthly peak load and energy output. If the respondent has two or more power systems which are not physically integrated, furnish the required information for each non- integrated system. In quarter 1 report January, February, and March only. In quarter 2 report April, May, and June only. In quarter 3 report July, August, and September only.

(2) Report on column (b) by month the system's output in Megawatt hours for each month.

(3) Report on column (c) by month the non-requirements sales for resale. Include in the monthly amounts any energy losses associated with the sales.

(4) Report on column (d) by month the system's monthly maximum megawatt load (60 minute integration) associated with the system.

(5) Report on columns (e) and (f) the specified information for each monthly peak load reported on column (d).

(6) Report Monthly Peak Hours in military time; 0100 for 1:00 AM, 1200 for 12 AM, and 1830 for 6:30 PM, etc.

NAME OF SYSTEM: Company Total

Line No.	Month (a)	Total Monthly Energy (MWH) (b)	Monthly Non-Requirements Sales for Resale & Associated Losses (c)	MONTHLY PEAK		
				Megawatts (See Instr. 4) (d)	Day of Month (e)	Hour (f)
1	January	922,346	44,824		0	0
2	February	809,340	58,221		0	0
3	March	726,158	32,446		0	0
4	Total	2,457,844	135,491			
5	April				0	0
6	May				0	0
7	June				0	0
8	Total					
9	July				0	0
10	August				0	0
11	September				0	0
12	Total					

Name of Respondent KCP&L Greater Missouri Operations Company	This Report is: (1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> An Original (2) <input type="checkbox"/> A Resubmission	Date of Report (Mo, Da, Yr) 06/01/2010	Year/Period of Report 2010/Q1
FOOTNOTE DATA			

Schedule Page: 399 Line No.: 4 Column: b

Month (a)	MONTHLY PEAK		
	Megawatts (See Instr. 4) (d)	Day of Month (e)	Hour (f)
NAME OF SYSTEM: KCP&L GMO - MPS			
January	1,213	7	7:00 PM
February	1,048	9	8:00 AM
March	905	1	8:00 PM
April			
May			
June			
July			
August			
September			
October			
November			
December			

Month (a)	MONTHLY PEAK		
	Megawatts (See Instr. 4) (d)	Day of Month (e)	Hour (f)
NAME OF SYSTEM: KCP&L GMO - L&P			
January	440	7	7:00 PM
February	420	9	8:00 AM
March	344	3	8:00 AM
April			
May			
June			
July			
August			
September			
October			
November			
December			

Name of Respondent
KCP&L Greater Missouri Operations Company

This Report Is:
(1) An Original
(2) A Resubmission

Date of Report
(Mo, Da, Yr)
06/01/2010

Year/Period of Report
End of 2010/Q1

MONTHLY TRANSMISSION SYSTEM PEAK LOAD

- (1) Report the monthly peak load on the respondent's transmission system. If the respondent has two or more power systems which are not physically integrated, furnish the required information for each non-integrated system.
- (2) Report on Column (b) by month the transmission system's peak load.
- (3) Report on Columns (c) and (d) the specified information for each monthly transmission - system peak load reported on Column (b).
- (4) Report on Columns (e) through (j) by month the system' monthly maximum megawatt load by statistical classifications. See General Instruction for the definition of each statistical classification.

NAME OF SYSTEM: KCP&L Greater Missouri Operations Company

Line No.	Month (a)	Monthly Peak MW - Total (b)	Day of Monthly Peak (c)	Hour of Monthly Peak (d)	Firm Network Service for Self (e)	Firm Network Service for Others (f)	Long-Term Firm Point-to-point Reservations (g)	Other Long-Term Firm Service (h)	Short-Term Firm Point-to-point Reservation (i)	Other Service (j)
1	January	1,681	7	1900	1,653	27			1	
2	February	1,491	9	800	1,468	22			1	
3	March	1,240	1	2000	1,219	20			1	
4	Total for Quarter 1	4,412			4,340	69			3	
5	April									
6	May									
7	June									
8	Total for Quarter 2									
9	July									
10	August									
11	September									
12	Total for Quarter 3									
13	October									
14	November									
15	December									
16	Total for Quarter 4									
17	Total Year to Date/Year	4,412			4,340	69			3	

MONTHLY TRANSMISSION SYSTEM PEAK LOAD

- (1) Report the monthly peak load on the respondent's transmission system. If the respondent has two or more power systems which are not physically integrated, furnish the required information for each non-integrated system.
- (2) Report on Column (b) by month the transmission system's peak load.
- (3) Report on Columns (c) and (d) the specified information for each monthly transmission - system peak load reported on Column (b).
- (4) Report on Columns (e) through (j) by month the system' monthly maximum megawatt load by statistical classifications. See General Instruction for the definition of each statistical classification.

NAME OF SYSTEM: KCP&L GMO-MOPUB

Line No.	Month (a)	Monthly Peak MW - Total (b)	Day of Monthly Peak (c)	Hour of Monthly Peak (d)	Firm Network Service for Self (e)	Firm Network Service for Others (f)	Long-Term Firm Point-to-point Reservations (g)	Other Long-Term Firm Service (h)	Short-Term Firm Point-to-point Reservation (i)	Other Service (j)
1	January	1,241	7	1900	1,213	27			1	
2	February	1,071	9	800	1,048	22			1	
3	March	926	1	2000	905	20			1	
4	Total for Quarter 1	3,238			3,166	69			3	
5	April									
6	May									
7	June									
8	Total for Quarter 2									
9	July									
10	August									
11	September									
12	Total for Quarter 3									
13	October									
14	November									
15	December									
16	Total for Quarter 4									
17	Total Year to Date/Year	3,238			3,166	69			3	

MONTHLY TRANSMISSION SYSTEM PEAK LOAD

- (1) Report the monthly peak load on the respondent's transmission system. If the respondent has two or more power systems which are not physically integrated, furnish the required information for each non-integrated system.
- (2) Report on Column (b) by month the transmission system's peak load.
- (3) Report on Columns (c) and (d) the specified information for each monthly transmission - system peak load reported on Column (b).
- (4) Report on Columns (e) through (j) by month the system' monthly maximum megawatt load by statistical classifications. See General Instruction for the definition of each statistical classification.

NAME OF SYSTEM: KCP&L GMO-SJLP

Line No.	Month (a)	Monthly Peak MW - Total (b)	Day of Monthly Peak (c)	Hour of Monthly Peak (d)	Firm Network Service for Self (e)	Firm Network Service for Others (f)	Long-Term Firm Point-to-point Reservations (g)	Other Long-Term Firm Service (h)	Short-Term Firm Point-to-point Reservation (i)	Other Service (j)
1	January	440	7	1900	440					
2	February	420	9	800	420					
3	March	344	3	800	344					
4	Total for Quarter 1	1,204			1,204					
5	April									
6	May									
7	June									
8	Total for Quarter 2									
9	July									
10	August									
11	September									
12	Total for Quarter 3									
13	October									
14	November									
15	December									
16	Total for Quarter 4									
17	Total Year to Date/Year	1,204			1,204					

MONTHLY ISO/RTO TRANSMISSION SYSTEM PEAK LOAD

- (1) Report the monthly peak load on the respondent's transmission system. If the Respondent has two or more power systems which are not physically integrated, furnish the required information for each non-integrated system.
- (2) Report on Column (b) by month the transmission system's peak load.
- (3) Report on Column (c) and (d) the specified information for each monthly transmission - system peak load reported on Column (b).
- (4) Report on Columns (e) through (i) by month the system's transmission usage by classification. Amounts reported as Through and Out Service in Column (g) are to be excluded from those amounts reported in Columns (e) and (f).
- (5) Amounts reported in Column (j) for Total Usage is the sum of Columns (h) and (i).

NAME OF SYSTEM:

Line No.	Month (a)	Monthly Peak MW - Total (b)	Day of Monthly Peak (c)	Hour of Monthly Peak (d)	Imports into ISO/RTO (e)	Exports from ISO/RTO (f)	Through and Out Service (g)	Network Service Usage (h)	Point-to-Point Service Usage (i)	Total Usage (j)
1	January									
2	February									
3	March									
4	Total for Quarter 1									
5	April									
6	May									
7	June									
8	Total for Quarter 2									
9	July									
10	August									
11	September									
12	Total for Quarter 3									
13	October									
14	November									
15	December									
16	Total for Quarter 4									
17	Total Year to Date/Year									

INDEX

<u>Schedule</u>	<u>Page No.</u>
Accrued and prepaid taxes	262-263
Accumulated Deferred Income Taxes	234
	272-277
Accumulated provisions for depreciation of	
common utility plant	356
utility plant	219
utility plant (summary)	200-201
Advances	
from associated companies	256-257
Allowances	228-229
Amortization	
miscellaneous	340
of nuclear fuel	202-203
Appropriations of Retained Earnings	118-119
Associated Companies	
advances from	256-257
corporations controlled by respondent	103
control over respondent	102
interest on debt to	256-257
Attestation	i
Balance sheet	
comparative	110-113
notes to	122-123
Bonds	256-257
Capital Stock	251
expense	254
premiums	252
reacquired	251
subscribed	252
Cash flows, statement of	120-121
Changes	
important during year	108-109
Construction	
work in progress - common utility plant	356
work in progress - electric	216
work in progress - other utility departments	200-201
Control	
corporations controlled by respondent	103
over respondent	102
Corporation	
controlled by	103
incorporated	101
CPA, background information on	101
CPA Certification, this report form	i-ii

<u>Schedule</u>	<u>Page No.</u>
Deferred	
credits, other	269
debits, miscellaneous	233
income taxes accumulated - accelerated amortization property	272-273
income taxes accumulated - other property	274-275
income taxes accumulated - other	276-277
income taxes accumulated - pollution control facilities	234
Definitions, this report form	iii
Depreciation and amortization	
of common utility plant	356
of electric plant	219
	336-337
Directors	105
Discount - premium on long-term debt	256-257
Distribution of salaries and wages	354-355
Dividend appropriations	118-119
Earnings, Retained	118-119
Electric energy account	401
Expenses	
electric operation and maintenance	320-323
electric operation and maintenance, summary	323
unamortized debt	256
Extraordinary property losses	230
Filing requirements, this report form	
General information	101
Instructions for filing the FERC Form 1	i-iv
Generating plant statistics	
hydroelectric (large)	406-407
pumped storage (large)	408-409
small plants	410-411
steam-electric (large)	402-403
Hydro-electric generating plant statistics	406-407
Identification	101
Important changes during year	108-109
Income	
statement of, by departments	114-117
statement of, for the year (see also revenues)	114-117
deductions, miscellaneous amortization	340
deductions, other income deduction	340
deductions, other interest charges	340
Incorporation information	101

<u>Schedule</u>	<u>Page No.</u>
Interest	
charges, paid on long-term debt, advances, etc	256-257
Investments	
nonutility property	221
subsidiary companies	224-225
Investment tax credits, accumulated deferred	266-267
Law, excerpts applicable to this report form	iv
List of schedules, this report form	2-4
Long-term debt	256-257
Losses-Extraordinary property	230
Materials and supplies	227
Miscellaneous general expenses	335
Notes	
to balance sheet	122-123
to statement of changes in financial position	122-123
to statement of income	122-123
to statement of retained earnings	122-123
Nonutility property	221
Nuclear fuel materials	202-203
Nuclear generating plant, statistics	402-403
Officers and officers' salaries	104
Operating	
expenses-electric	320-323
expenses-electric (summary)	323
Other	
paid-in capital	253
donations received from stockholders	253
gains on resale or cancellation of reacquired capital stock	253
miscellaneous paid-in capital	253
reduction in par or stated value of capital stock	253
regulatory assets	232
regulatory liabilities	278
Peaks, monthly, and output	401
Plant, Common utility	
accumulated provision for depreciation	356
acquisition adjustments	356
allocated to utility departments	356
completed construction not classified	356
construction work in progress	356
expenses	356
held for future use	356
in service	356
leased to others	356
Plant data	336-337
	401-429

<u>Schedule</u>	<u>Page No.</u>
Plant - electric	
accumulated provision for depreciation	219
construction work in progress	216
held for future use	214
in service	204-207
leased to others	213
Plant - utility and accumulated provisions for depreciation	
amortization and depletion (summary)	201
Pollution control facilities, accumulated deferred	
income taxes	234
Power Exchanges	326-327
Premium and discount on long-term debt	256
Premium on capital stock	251
Prepaid taxes	262-263
Property - losses, extraordinary	230
Pumped storage generating plant statistics	408-409
Purchased power (including power exchanges)	326-327
Reacquired capital stock	250
Reacquired long-term debt	256-257
Receivers' certificates	256-257
Reconciliation of reported net income with taxable income	
from Federal income taxes	261
Regulatory commission expenses deferred	233
Regulatory commission expenses for year	350-351
Research, development and demonstration activities	352-353
Retained Earnings	
amortization reserve Federal	119
appropriated	118-119
statement of, for the year	118-119
unappropriated	118-119
Revenues - electric operating	300-301
Salaries and wages	
directors fees	105
distribution of	354-355
officers'	104
Sales of electricity by rate schedules	304
Sales - for resale	310-311
Salvage - nuclear fuel	202-203
Schedules, this report form	2-4
Securities	
exchange registration	250-251
Statement of Cash Flows	120-121
Statement of income for the year	114-117
Statement of retained earnings for the year	118-119
Steam-electric generating plant statistics	402-403
Substations	426
Supplies - materials and	227

<u>Schedule</u>	<u>Page No.</u>
Taxes	
accrued and prepaid	262-263
charged during year	262-263
on income, deferred and accumulated	234
	272-277
reconciliation of net income with taxable income for	261
Transformers, line - electric	429
Transmission	
lines added during year	424-425
lines statistics	422-423
of electricity for others	328-330
of electricity by others	332
Unamortized	
debt discount	256-257
debt expense	256-257
premium on debt	256-257
Unrecovered Plant and Regulatory Study Costs	230